THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

Port Almanac—July 9.

Sun Rises	4.50 A M
Sun Sets	7.19 P M
Day's Length	14 h 29 m
High Water at Southport	9.15 A M
High Water at Wilmington	11.02 A M

The Weather.

U S DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N C., July 9.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 76°; 8 p. m., 79°; maximum, 83°; minimum, 78°; mean 78°.

Rainfall for the day, 76; rainfall for the month up to date 1.29 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair; slightly cooler; westerly winds.

For South Carolina, fair; warmer in western portion; westerly winds.

OUTLINES.

Terrific heat was succeeded by terrific storms throughout the northern portion of Illinois. —— Record of base ball games played yesterday. —— Grain and provision market. —— Higher wages for operatives in woolen mills in Rhode Island. —— In the yacht race to-day the Ailsa beat the Britannia in a heavy sea and wind blowing half a gale at the finish. —— Prisoners escape from jail at Hendersonville, N. C. —— Spots and futures market. —— Tobacco and other crops damaged by storm in Connecticut last Saturday. —— Pliney Fasset murderd by Jno. D. Young, son of ex-Congressman Young. —— Mrs. Mattie Chambers, a widow, of Centralia, Wash., has received an infernal machine containing dynamite, through the mail; sent by a rejected suitor. —— Labor troubles— The strike situation in West Virginia unchanged; colored men taking the places of strikers in iron works at Sharon' Pa.. —— The Farrell murder trial— Hall, the alleged paramour of Mrs. Farrell, on the witness stand. —— Mississippi crops— Corn in fine condition, but cotton below the average. —— Fatal affray betwren two white men at Bluff Springs, Florida. —— China and Japan— prospects of permanent peace between the two nations; Hon. Jno. W. Foster gives his views of the present situation in the East. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 per cent. and closing offered at 1 per cent; cotton steady; middling gulf 7 11-16; middling upland 7 3-16c; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $2.40@3.15; good to choice do $3.20@4.00; wheat dull and steady; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 70½@73⅝c; afloat 74⅜ cents; corn active and steady; No. 2 at elevator 46½@48c; afloat 47½@49c; spirits turpentine dull and easy at 28½c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.55@1.60.

We are indebted to State Auditor Furman for his annual report for the fiscal year ending November, 1894.

Mrs. Carlisle, wife of the Secretary of the Treasury, rides a bicycle, and does it so cleverly as to make the Washington girls envious.

The Blaine Republican Club of New York the other day gave notice that no negro need apply by refusing to admit to membership a colored applicant.

Rev. Tom Dixon says when he marries people he never makes the woman promise to obey the man, for he knows she will not do it, and therefore there's no use making her tell a fib.

Prof. Rudolph Falb, the Berlin weather and earthquake prophet who has achieved reputation as a successful prognosticator in those lines, predicts that July and August will be rainy months.

Ten thousand tailors in New York and Brooklyn are talking of going on a strike. The masculine denizens of those burgs will doubtless feel obliged to them for waiting until it doesn't make much difference whether a fellow has much clothes on or not.

The last report of the Interstate Railway Commission states that in the year ending June 30, 1894, there were 1,823 railroad employes killed and 23,423 wounded, a slight decrease over the preceding year. That's more men than Japan lost in the war with China. Many of these accidents are doubtless the result of carelessness either of those who suffer or of others, and many might have been prevented by better appliances, as shown by the fact that 251 of the deaths resulted from coupling and uncoupling cars, and 439 from falling from cars while in motion.

Mrs. O'Leary who owned that cow which one night in 1871 kicked over a lamp and started that $190,000,000 blaze in Chicago, died in that city a few days ago. It is said that she never did fully forgive the cow for behaving so obstreperously although the people who look upon Chicago and the fine buildings which now ornament the burnt district think the cow did a very clever thing.

Is the coming man to be a smileless as well as a toothless and a hairless mortal? English doctors say that bicycle riders wear an anxious, worn look, which will eventually become the regular thing. But they make no mention of the seraphic smile that mantles the phiz of the female when she discovers that she can scoot along unaided.

Here is another chunk of cheek from the New York *Advertiser*, which excels in that article: "Every wage increase due to the election of a Republican Congress is another notice served on the Democracy that the tariff will be the issue in the next campaign." "Every wage increase due to the election of a Republican Congress" is good.

Russia seems to be ripe for war with Japan, if it be true as reported by a Norwegian steamer that she has massed 80,000 troops and a considerable portion of her navy at Vladivostok. She must have been doing a good deal of work on the sly if she has mustered such a force there without attracting the attention of other nations.

It is estimated that with favorable weather the corn crop of Kansas this year will amount to 300,000,000 bushels. Corn is a good thing for the Kansans to have for if they can't sell it or eat it, they can burn it. They have to burn a good deal of something out in that country in the winter to keep warm.

So far railroads and other corporations have filed claims amounting to $1,175,756 against Chicago for damages done during the Debs strike. Strikes are costly and the trouble is that it is the people who do not strike who have to foot the bills.

Hon. John W. Foster made such a mash on Li Hung Chang and other Celestial dignitaries that before sailing they offered him a permanent job if he would settle down in Tien Tsin. Maybe they thought he would teach them the secret of raising airy, imimposing side-whiskers.

When Herr Bismarck heard the rumor of his death the other day he went out and walked about a mile in the rain, and talked with everybody he met, to prove that there was no truth in it. Nobody believed it after that.

It is asserted of Moses Andrews, colored, who recently died aged 104, at Salem, Ga., that he was the champion progenitor of that part of the vineyard, having been the father of 100 children.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BASE BALL—At Hilton Park.
MASONIC—Meeting St. John's Lodge.
R.M. MCINTIRE—Administrator's sale

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

A WEEK—$75.00 paid agents.
BROOMS—Any style and number.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Complaint is made in regard to the condition of Dock street between Front and Second.

— There was eight feet of water in the river at Fayetteville Saturday at 8 a. m.; a fall of 3.2 feet in 24 hours.

— Local forecast for to-day: Probably showers, followed by fair weather; fresh and brisk westerly winds.

— The Police Board was in sessinn last night, and elected Primus Bowen lamp-lighter in place of A. Allen, resigned.

— The merchant's excursion from Charlotte is expected here to-day. The train will leave there at 8 o'clock this morning.

— The Sunday School of Fifth Street M. E. Church will have their annual excursion to-day, to Carolina Beach, the boat leaving at 8 a. m. and 8 p. m.

— Messrs, Stedman & Worth, who have been engaged for the past two weeks packing the damaged stock of goods of Messrs. Chesnutt & Barentine to be shipped North, finished yesterday.

— Mr. O. M. Fillyaw received yesterday from the orchards of Mr. Fred G. Middleton, of Warsaw, six varieties of plums. They were all very fine and in perfect condition. There is no better State for fruit culture than North Carolina.

— Read the article reproduced today from the Washington *Star*. It is interesting, not only because it introduces a new complication in national politics, but because it is not impossible that the plan suggested or something similar may be attempted.

— Sunday night about 7 o'clock a kerosene oil lamp was accidentally overturned in the residence of Mr. W. E. Yopp, on Nun street between Fifth and Sixth. The oil ran out of the lamp and ignited, but the flames were smothered before any great damage resulted.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. R. W. Livermore, of Pates, N. C., is in the city.

— Mr. Chas. Schuster, of Southport, was in the city last night.

— Mr. W. C. Wishart, of Jacksonville, was in the city Sunday.

— Miss Minnie Galloway, of Town Creek, is in the city visiting friends.

— Mrs. C. F. Williams and child, of Sumter, S. C., are here for the Summer.

—Mr. F. E. Hall, of Richmond, Va., is taking in the Sound and visiting friends in the city.

— Mr. John Corbett, who is in Canada for his health, was reported yesterday as much improved.

— Misses Henrietta and Mary Shepard, daughters of Dr. J. C Shepard, are visiting friends at Scott's Hill.

— Mr. E. B. Stevens, W. W. Worthington and Miss Josephine Worthington, of Southport, are in the city.

— Mrs. Gilliam Hudler, of Vineland, and Miss Emma Eagle, of Charlotte, are in the city, visiting Mrs. Carrie Matthews.

— The many friends of Mr. J. C. Wise will be glad to learn that he is rapidly improving and expects to be out within the next few days.

— Mr. J. Frank Newsom returned Sunday from a month's trip to North Carolina springs, Washington, Baltimore and Norfolk. His health has been much improved by his trip.

— Master Joe Armstrong, who was injured by the explosion of a firecracker on the Fourth of July, was reported as improving yesterday. It is thought his eye will be saved.

— Richmond *Times*: "Miss Dena Angel, of Wilmington, N. C., the youngest daughter of Mr. L. A. Angel, chief operator of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, is visiting friends in the city, stopping with the family of Mr. Ed. Beall, in the West End."

— Messrs. C. W. Tate, North Carolina; B. J. Saunders, Raleigh; John W. Cotton, Jr., Rocky Mount; D. M. Tedder, Charlotte; H. Bowden, Warsaw; Clif Cohen, Clinton; George F. Brown, Winston; C. L. Bonner, Mount Airy; G. E. McGougan, Enfield, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.—8 bales cotton, 26 casks spirits turpentine, 52 bbls rosin, 13 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—3 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 73 bbls rosin, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—84 casks spirits turpentine, 188 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Stmr Frank Sessoms—39 casks spirits turpentine, 77 bbls rosin, 11 bbls tar.

Schooner Spray—13 casks spirits turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 6 bales; spirits turpentine, 158 casks; rosin, 429 bbls; tar, 28 bbls; crude turpentine 24 bbls.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Very heavy rains were reported Sunday night from the Atlanta, Augusta, Charleston, Memphis and Savannah districts of the cotton belt, with lighter showers from most of the other districts. Yesterday the rainfall was again heavy in the same districts. At Blackville, S. C., 2.40 inches fell, and at St. Matthews, S. C., 2.30. In the Wilmington district Newbern reported 70; Wilmington, 76; Charlotte, 41; Goldsboro, 52; Lumberton, 64; Greensboro, 28; Weldon, 19; Raleigh, 07. The maximum temperature at the Wilmington station was 88; Charlotte, 88; Goldsboro, 86; Lumberton, 88; Greensboro, Newbern and Raleigh, 84; Weldon, 88.

City Court.

Thos. Brown, colored, charged with being drunk and down Saturday night, was sentenced to pay a fine of $20 or work twenty days on the streets.

John McKay and Ben Robinson, colored, were charged with keeping unlicensed dogs. Robinson was ordered to get a badge for his dog or pay a fine of $5. The case against McKay was dismissed.

Ella Patrick and Mary Jane Jordan, both colored, charged with disorderly conduct on the streets, were sentenced to pay $5 fine each or work ten days on the streets.

Death of Miss Louise Gause.

Miss Louise Fergus Gause, daughter of the late Sam'l. P. Gause, died Sunday night at the family residence on South Second street, after an illness of ten days, aged 29 years. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock from St. Paul's Episcopal church and the interment was in Oakdale cemetery.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

WILMINGTON BASE BALL CLUB.

To Play Laurinburg To-day—Officers Appointed and Players Selected for This and Other Games.

The Wilmington Base Ball Club held a meeting last evening and selected officers and players for ensuing games, as follows:

W. W. Roberts, Manager; C. F. Jones, Secretary; C. M. Williams, Captain, *pro tem.* The following players were chosen from which a strong team will be selected, E A Beery, C F Jones, C M Williams, M E Wilson, J W Graham, Geo E Delano, W P Oldham, I D. Burkheimer, T B Oldham, W M Smith, E B Burkheimer, J W Furlong, W W Roberts, Fred Pearsall, N M Dahlgren, John Gore, Arthur B Belden, Robert Rankin, Fred Zellars, W Watson, Willie French, Robt Bray, Walter Stephens, James Allen.

A committee of five, Messrs. Roberts, Bray, Jones, Williams and Cutlar, were appointed to wait upon the Street Railway company and the Seacoast Railroad Company to make arrangements for suitable grounds.

The Laurinburg team telegraphed Manager Roberts last night that they would arrive to-day at 3 o'clock, and play three games at Hilton Park, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. The following are the players for to-day's game: Zellars, catch; Wilson: pitch; Furlong, 1st base; Belden, 2nd base; Graham, 3rd base; Allen, short stop; Watson, left field; Williams, centre field; Oldham, right field. Substitutes—Jones, Delano and French.

Sumter, S. C., also desires a game in the near future.

Naval Reserves.

A meeting of the Wilmington division Naval Reserves was held last night. After regular routine business was transacted a number of applications were acted upon, making the division consist of over seventy members.

Upon motion, Messrs. W. H. Gilbert, Wm. E. Springer, Capt. Gibson and John C. Springer were unanimously elected honorary members.

It was requested that every member do his utmost to go on the cruise, which will be held between the 1st and 15th of August. The division as a body expressed their thanks to those who left yesterday afternoon in the interest of the battalion, to make arrangements to take in the Atlanta Exposition.

Mr. R. H. McKoy was unanimously elected Vice President to succeed Mr. D. W. Travis, who has left the city.

Look Out for Burglars.

The house of Mr. J. M. Newton, No. 905 North Sixth street, was visited by a burglar Saturday night or early Sunday morning. The burglar got a few pieces of silver coin and a piece of tobacco out of the pockets of Mr. Newton's clothes which were hanging on a chair by his bedside. Nothing else was taken.

Yesterday morning early—about 3 o'clock—the dwelling of Mr. D. Litgen, No. 115 Market street, was entered by a burglar and money amounting to $57.00 was taken from a trunk. The thief escaped and there is no clue to his identity.

Store Broken Open and Robbed.

The store of Mr. N. Paul, No. 18 South Front street, was entered and robbed Sunday afternoon. Mr. Paul says he was in his store that afternoon at half past two o'clock and at that time the back door had not been tampered with. At 7.30 o'clock he again visited his store and found one of the panels of the door broken out. Some one had evidently entered through this broken panel between 3 and 7 o'clock, for a new American double-action No. 32-calibre pistol was gone, and a number of silk handkerchiefs and thirteen mouth harps. There is no clue to the perpetrator.

I. O. O. F.—Grand Master Lumsden.

Mr. C. F. Lumsden, Grand Master of the I. O. O. F. of North Carolina, is expected to arrive in Wilmington to-day from Raleigh, by the S. A. L. To-night, at the regular meeting of Cape Fear Lodge, he will install Mr. R. J. Jones, Grand Treasurer of the Grand Lodge.

The Grand Master will be met upon his arrival in the city by a committee representing the various lodges of the order here, and escorted to The Orton. In the afternoon he will go with a number of the members to Ocean View, where supper will be served.

Knights of Pythias.

At the regular meeting of Stonewall Lodge K. of P., held last evening, the following officers were installed by W. C. Yarborough, D. D. G. C., assisted by I. L. Greenewald, Grand Prelate, and J. S. Hopkins, Grand Master-at-Arms, viz:

C. C.—W. H. Howell.
V. C.—B. H. Scott.
Prelate—C. W. Stuart.
M. of W.—E. T. Coghill.
M. at A.—W. L. Jacobs.
I. G.—C. D. Yarborough.
O. G.—G. M. Holmes.

Knights of the Golden Eagle.

At a regular meeting of Concordia Castle No. 1, K. G. E., held at their Castle Hall last night, the following officers were installed for the ensuing year by P C G W Carter: Isaac Northrop, S P C; Jno Thomas, N C; W J King, V C; W M Sneeden, N P; W F Carpenter, M of R; D M Cameron, C of E; G W Carter, K of E; J F Casteen, V H; H L Croom, S H; T J Tart, W C; Chas Mason, W B; M C Rayner, Ensign; Jos Chadwick, Esquire; R S Cowan, First Guard; J S Sneeden, Second Guard.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

CRIMINAL COURT FOR WAKE COUNTY IN SESSION.

Suit Against the Water Works Company—Changes in the S. A. L.—Postoffice Box Robbed—Wake Forest Law School—The Lodge Weekly—Mrs. Arrington's Criminal Docket.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 8.

Some one broke open the postoffice box of Jones & Powell last night, securing all their mail. It is known that there was a check in the box for $15.

Capt. L. W. Renn, a former Raleighite, who is connected with the Seaboard road at Portsmouth, has been promoted to the position of master of trains, with headquarters at Portsmouth.

The trial of W. B. Brown for cutting Ed. Haley, was postponed again to-day until next week. Haley was unable to be present.

Criminal Court met this morning, with Judge Timberlake presiding. The only case of unusual importance is the suit against the Water Works Company for maintaining a nuisance. The plaintiffs bring suit to make the company draw off a pond. Grave charges will be preferred against the company.

Mr. Turner, who has been train master of the entire division of the Seaboard, is now train master of the second division. Each of the new superintendents will have a train master. Mr. Turner has managed the trains with much success, not having had an accident since he took charge of that department.

Mrs. Kate Poe, daughter of George W. Poe, a former member of the firm of W. H. and R. S. Tucker & Co., died yesterday in Newport News, Va. She was married only a short time ago to a gentleman in that city.

A party of young men from Wake Forest undertook to take a course down Neuse River to Newbern on a boat which they had constructed. They only got as far as the Falls of Neuse when they turned the boat loose and came on to this city.

The city was flooded with Florida melons to-day. They range in price from 25 to 50 cents.

The Wake Forest law school began its Summer career under very favorable auspices. There are twenty students in attendance. Mr. N. Y. Gully is conducting the school. He has bought a residence at Wake Forest and will make his home there, having been elected one of the faculty.

There was a meeting of the Public Buildings committee and the Board of Education to-day. Nothing but routine work was transacted.

The *Lodge Weekly* comes out this week in a strong attack on Grand Chancellor Webb of the Knights of Pythians. Mr. Webb is accused of using ungentlemanly language and also of acting selfishly in his official capacity. Mr. Webb denies both charges. Pythians say that the editors of the *Weekly*, are making this attack on account of soreness. They wanted to be the official organ of the Knights and were refused.

The sale of the effects of L. R. Wyatt, who assigned, began to-day. A steam laundry is to be sold.

Dog license is due and the officials are after the bow-wow's.

The limit for paying purchase tax expires on the 10th. There is a penalty of $50 attached to the failure.

Judge Timberlake's charge to the jury was considered very good. He ordered the sheriff to make a number of parties present in their shirt sleeves put on coats.

The *Criminal Docket* appeared to-day, Mrs. Arrington made an announcement to the public. She says it is her intention to run the paper a year; give a history of her committee; history of the Cram case, the evidence in which she claims has been crooked. She will also publish the Ship Fraud Commission in installments. She says the paper is not near as *hot* as it will be.

WILMINGTON'S BATTALION.

Representatives of the Various Commands Off for Atlanta to Make Arrangements for the Battalion.

The representatives of the Wilmington Battalion left yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock via the S. A. L., for Atlanta, Ga., in a private car. They go to make arrangements for the entertainment of the Wilmington Battalion, and possibly the Second Regiment of the North Carolina State Guard. The following were among the party:

Col John F Bruton, Lieut Col Walker Taylor; Adjt W E Warren, of the Second Regiment N C S G; Commander F Winslow; Lieut. Commander Geo L. Morton, of the Naval Battalion; Lieut J C Morrison, commanding Wilmington Divison, Naval Battalion; Col W J Woodward, Uniform Rank K of P; Capt W H Northrop, Wilmington Light Infantry; Capt Thos D Meares, Commander Zeb Vance Division Uniform Rank K of P; Mason Burr, Wilmington Division Naval Reserves; Sir Knight Quartermaster Martin Newman and Sir Knight Herald W F Robertson, of Zeb Vance Division, Uniform Rank K of P.

The party will arrive in Atlanta Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock, and will visit the Exposition grounds and find suitable quarters for the N. C. troops. They expect to return next Thursday night.

Front Street Market.

It seems that there was lots of fun at the Front street market house last Saturday night. The electric lights which had been put in afforded insufficient light, and each stall keeper furnished a kerosene lamp, candles, or gasoline. It was a very picturesque scene. Alderman Northrop, of the Market Committee, promises that by next Saturday night the lights will be in good condition.

One of the Oldest Odd Fellows.

Mr. R. J. Jones is the oldest living member of the Order of Odd Fellows in this city, if not in the State of North Carolina. Yesterday was the 50th anniversary of his initiation as a member of Cape Fear Lodge No. 2. Mr. Jones has held every position in the gift of the subordinate and Grand Lodges, and tonight will be installed into the office of Grand Treasurer, a position which he has held with credit and honor for about forty years,

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

CAMERON OR A ROW.

PLANS OF THE SILVER REPUBLICANS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

If Their Candidate is Not Nominated There Will be a Dramatic Withdrawal From the Convention—If Thrown in the House.

[*Washington Star.*]

The Republican silver leaders of the West are very determined to make Don Cameron their candidate for President, or else to raise a row. There has been a great deal of vague talk about bolting the convention, but there is good reason to believe that the matter has gone further than this unauthorative talk indicates. The plans of the silver Republicans have taken more definite shape. Two only, of the Senators who took part in the desperate fight against the repeal of the Sherman law have any connection with the silver party movement, which is engineered by the "Silver League," and has put forth Sibley as a Presidential candidate. These two are Stewart and Jones of Nevada. The rest have been trying to hold to the old parties as long as possible. While attention is generally directed towards movements of the silver party, the society of the Silver Knights of America, etc., the work for the white metal which is most threatening to the old party organizations is being done quietly by those silver men who have never broken from their party.

WHO WILL DO THE MISCHIEF.

Leaving out of the question the Democrats of Congress, a majority of whom are advocates of silver, the silver Senators are that little group, chiefly from the new States, who are led by Teller and Dubois, and who have kept away from alliance with the Populists. If any "mischief" is going to be done, it will be by these men in the Republican National Convention. They have persistently refused to be drawn into a third party movement, and they are proceeding with a fixed purpose to force the Republican Convention to the nomination of their silver candidate or else to themselves withdraw in a manner dramatic enough to leave their seriousness not a matter of doubt.

THEIR PLAN OF OPERATIONS.

Their plan is a very simple one for the purpose in view. They have agreed among themselves, apparently without a dissenting voice, that they will make as hard a fight as possible in the Republican convention, the most prominent leader in each of the silver States heading the delegation; and then, if they fail to get what they want, to leave the convention in a body. They do not propose holding a rump convention, but contemplate going home and running Republican electors not pledged to any convention nominee, but under solemn obligation not to vote in the electoral college for any but a silver man. They believe that electors chosen in this way from all of the Western silver States would hold the balance of power in the electoral college between the two great parties, and that they could force one party or the other to cast their vote for a silver man for President, regardless of the convention nominations.

THROW THE CONTEST INTO THE HOUSE.

Should they fail in this, they would still hope to prevent any election, and thus throw the contest into the House, where the choice would be from among the three candidates having the highest number of votes in the college. They would see to it that one of the three was a man of their choice. The House is already elected that would choose the President in this event, and they think that in this House they have the balance of power on a vote by States, counting on all the silver States to vote against their party rather than permit the election of any but a silver man. They count sixteen Republican gold States, sixteen Democratic States and twelve silver Republican States in the present House. They believe that the votes of at least ten of the silver States can be controlled so as to ignore party altogether and to join with either side, which will give them a silver man for President. If the Republicans yielded to them they would expect the election of either Cameron or Teller. If they made a combination with the Democrats they would probably split the ticket, giving the Southern men the first place, if an acceptable man were presented.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Fresh fruits and vegetables: Peaches in good supply but quiet unless choice. Plums steady, fairly active. Grapes in better supply and lower. Berries irregular in quality and weak. Melons plentiful; fair demand for choice. Apples mostly under choice. Potatoes easier on large receipts, demand large. Other vegetables steady with prime fairly active Muskmelons—Florida, per barrel $1.00 to 2.50; basket 75c to $1.25; Blackberries—North Carolina, per quart 4c to 10; Maryland and Delaware 3c to 10. Huckleberries—North Carolina, per quart 7c to 10; Maryland and Delaware, 6c to 9. Peaches—Georgia, carrier $1.00 to 4.00; case 50c to $1.50; South Carolina, carrier $1.00 to 4.00; case 50c to $1.50; do North Carolina, carrier $1.10 to 2.25; do Maryland and Delaware, crate 50 cents to 75 cents Plums—Georgia wild-goose, per carrier $1.25 to 1.50; do botan $1.50 to 2.50; do, basket 10c to 25, Grapes—Florida, case, $1.50 to 3.50. Pears—LeConte, barrel, $2.25 to 3.50; ditto crate, 75 cents to $1.13. Watermelons, hundred, $12 to 18; ditto car loads, $125 to 175. Apples—North Carolina, green, barrel, 50 cents to $1.50; ditto Maryland and Delaware, crate, 50 cents to 75 cents. Cukes—Norfolk $1.25 to 1.50; ditto Norfolk, basket, 40 cents to 50 cents. Eggplant—Florida, half barrel, 50 cents to $1.25; barrel crate, $2 to 2.50; ditto Charleston, basket, 75 cents to $1.00. Onions, potato basket, 87 cents to $1.12; ditto barrel, $1.75 to 2.25; ditto Virginia, potato basket, $1.75 to 2.00; ditto basket, 87 cents to $1.00 ditto Tennessee, barrel, $2.25. Potatoes—Rose, barrel, $2.00 to 2.75; ditto Chili red, $1.75 to 2.50; ditto poor to fair, $1.50 to 2.00; ditto culls, 50 cents to $1.00. String beans—Maryland, wax basket, 30 cents to 50 cents. Tomatoes—Florida, choice, carrier, 75 cents to $1.00; ditto common, 30 cents to 60 cents; ditto Mississippi, case, 60 cents to 80 cents; ditto Savannah, crate, 40 cents to 75 cents; ditto carrier, 75 cents to $1.25; ditto Charleston, 75 cents to $1.25; crate, 40 cents to 75 cents.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Bone, P. E.

Market Street, Bethany, July 13
Wilmington, Grace Church, July 14 and 15
Wilmington, Fifth Street, July 21 and 22
Southport station, July 27 and 28
Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh, August 2
Columbus circuit, Peacock's, August 3
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, August 3 and 4
Elizabeth circuit, Bladen Springs, August 10 and 11
Magnolia circuit, Magnolia, August 17 and 18
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, August 18
Carver's Creek circuit, Carver's Creek, August 24 and 25
Bladen circuit, Antioch, August 31 and September 1
Kenansville circuit, Richlands, September 7 and 8
Brunswick circuit, Shalotte Camp, September 14 and 15
Clinton circuit, Johnson's, September 21 and 22.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M.
Regular monthly Communication this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock.
Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend,
WM. M. POISSON,
July 9 1t Secretary.

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE SUPerior Court of New Hanover county, I will, as administrator of the estate of Mrs. Sallie F. Kinnett, sell at the Court House, on Saturday, July 20th, 1895, at 12 o'clock M., to the highest bidder for cash, one House and Lot, situated on Chestnut street between Ninth and Tenth, north side, and east of Mrs. Eva S. Register, Lot 50x50 feet. R. M. McINTIRE,
July 9th, 1895. Administrator.
july 9 10t

For Sale.

A SECOND HAND PIANO—CAN BE SEEN at residence Southwest corner Dock and Second streets. Apply to D. O'CONNOR,
jy 7 5t Real Estate Agent.

Wee Wee Weel Who are You?

R. B. REARDON, MANAGER OF THE colored pavilion at Ocean View, is ready to serve meals in any style, Has first class cooks, waiters and attendants. Beer always on hand. Bathing suits, Prices to suit the times. jy 7 tf

LAURINBURG
VS.
Wilmington's Best Nine
—AT—
Hilton Park at 4.30 To-day.
Admission 25 cents. No extra charge for grand stand. Ladies free and especially invited. jy 9 2t

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.
Stedman & Worth.
INSURANCE.
Fire and Life.
Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

WE HAVE A
Tooth Brush That We
Sell Three for 25 Cts
AS GOOD AS MOST BRUSHES you pay a quarter for. Nice to take travelling.
JAS. D. NUTT,
Je 25 tf The Druggist.

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL
Fire Insurance Company,
of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,
Resident Agents.
je 9 tf

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.
The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Remarkable Offering
—IN—
DryGoods
Notions, &c., &c.,
—AT—
Katz & Polvogt's
—OF—
Twenty-five Per Cent.
Discount
ON EVERY CASH PURCHASE,
Sheeting, Shirting and Cotton
excepted, made during our great
Removal
—AND—
CLEARING SALE

This discount will be given on a fraction of a dollar. Our price talks. No need of plain figures.

This sale will continue until September 15th, when we will prepare to move into our new store, "The Handsomest in the State."

This sale begins at once, don't delay purchasing. Discount given on
Cash Sales Only.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

Wheeler & Wilson
NEW
No. 9
Sewing Machine.
july 7 tf

SAVE MONEY
—

By buying your footwear where there's the greatest variety to choose from.

Tennis can never claim the lawn so indisputable as we hold first place with our array of bottom prices. Call and be convinced.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
jy 7 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1895

BROAD GAUGE STATESMANSHIP.

If the statesmen and so-called statesmen of this country had spent one half the time and shown one half the zeal in laboring to extend the influence and commerce of this country that they have in fighting purely partisan battles this would now be the most prosperous and most powerful country on the face of the earth. We talk about our increasing wealth, and we congratulate ourselves and perhaps feel some pride in the statistics which show that as a nation we are becoming rich. But how? The wealth we pride ourselves on is not wealth drawn from other nations. It is not made out of the profits of the products of this country sold to them, but consists mainly in the increased values of real estate as the country has become more populous, and the cities have become more numerous and grown in importance. This is wealth, of course, but it is wealth which in one sense has grown but has not been made. We have really been more fortunate than thrifty and owe what we have more to favoring conditions than to any particular effort or wise management of our own as a people.

England, which wouldn't make a respectable showing on the map of the United States, is richer, and made her riches by trading with other nations. She is the moneylender of the world, and became so by becoming the greatest manufacturing and trading nation in the world. Her statesmanship has always kept a sharp eye on her commerce, and never let slip an opportunity to promote it, sometimes resorting to very questionable methods.

We number now about 65,000,000 of people. We grow more than we can eat, and manufacture more than we can wear or use. Can we prosper, continue to prosper and accumulate wealth by trading with each other? Some may become rich at this kind of trading, but if they do it must be at the expense of the others, so that the wealth will be simply changing hands, and as a nation we become no richer. As we cannot eat all we produce, nor wear nor use all we manufacture, we must find a market for the surplus, unless it go to waste, or be used in some unprofitable way. Heretofore we have found purchasers for some of our surplus farm products in Europe, but within the past decade we have been confronted by competition from other countries which has become formidable, and if it continues to increase as it has for some years past will eventually deprive us of our best markets there. With Russia and Argentina both to contend against the American wheat-grower will in the near future have more than he can cope with. We will have to eat our wheat or find other buyers for it. We can't eat it for we can raise as much in two years as we can consume in three.

And so with our manufactories. If they are to increase so as to fully utilize our unbounded resources of raw material we must have something more than the home market, which cannot keep pace with the increased production. Our manufactories have flourished and increased for some years because under favoring legislation they were enabled to levy heavy tribute upon home purchasers and their profits were large, but even with that they frequently became overstocked and had to shut down or enter into ruinous competition with each other.

If we are to become a manufacturing nation, in which the manufacturers are to live without sucking their substance from other classes, we must reach out and enter other territory and reap our profits out of them.

Where are these markets? Among the millions on both sides of the Pacific, and on the Indian Ocean. There are a thousand millions of people, among whom England has found her best customers and her richest trade. She was wise enough when she found the Suez Canal an assured fact to buy up stock enough to give her a controlling interest in it, and assure her an unobstructed short route to her oriental markets, while we have been talking for fifty years about a canal across the isthmus and have no canal yet, although there is no intelligent person between the two oceans who does not concede its vast importance and admit that it is a necessity and must be constructed with or without the aid of this Government. Even those who, basing their opposition on constitutional grounds, oppose it, concede its importance both from a commercial and military standpoint. While millions are annually appropriated to provide for public defence, the military importance would justify the giving of Government aid, leaving commercial considerations out of the question, and the total sum required to build it would be well invested even if a dollar never came back to the Government, for the amount gained to the commerce and development of the country would be many times the cost of construction.

With the mixed Congress we now have, and a President in accord with neither House, but few measures of public importance can go through, but the Nicaragua canal is no party question and it should go through.

* * *

Bradstreet's gives the number of business failures in the United States for the first half of the present year at 6,597, against 6,239 for the first half of 1894. The number is larger than for any six months since 1879. Although larger than for the corresponding six months of last year, there is not much difference in the aggregate amount of liabilities, those for 1895 being $82,555,339, against $79,707, 861 for the first six months of 1894, the difference between the assets being relatively the same. The majority of the failures, as might be expected, are in the West and South, those in the West being attributed to partial crop failures. While there has been an increase in the number of failures in the South, West and Northwest, there has been a decrease in the Middle and Pacific States. And thereby hangs a tale. The crop failures in some of the Western States, and the failure of the orange crop in Florida doubtless helped the Pacific States, while the Middle and New England States, being manufacturing States, and abundantly supplied with money, have been benefitted by the revival in business, which has not yet materially benefitted the strictly agricultural States. In nine cases out of ten the cause assigned for the failures is "inability to collect," which means the inability of the debtors to make or to borrow money enough to pay their debts, although in the Middle and Eastern States there is a glut of money. If we had State banks there would be no such condition of affairs as this.

* * *

The Southern trade journals report steady and encouraging progress in the establishment of new industries in the South. The Chattanooga *Tradesman* gives the number started since April 1st at 664 compared with 638 during the second quarter of 1894 and 645 for the corresponding period of 1893. As might be anticipated cotton mills and cotton seed oil mills lead, mines and quarries coming next. One gratifying feature of this report is the establishment of twenty-eight foundries and machine shops, for there is growing capacity in all of these and they require skilled labor, which commands respectable wages. There are few towns in the South, even the larger towns, that are as well supplied with this kind of establishments as they should be, and for that reason our people are frequently compelled to send away to have work done which should be done at home, and to purchase elsewhere articles of every day use which should be made at home. Wilmington is a pretty fair sized town, has foundries and machine shops, and yet there are some kinds of castings that the man who wants them has to send to other places for and they are neither costly nor difficult to make. The increase in foundries and machine shops we hail as a good sign which means more openings for skilled labor and more opportunities for our young men who desire to learn good trades.

BOOK NOTICES.

The American Magazine of Civics for July is full of interesting reading for those who like to read on political or economic topics, which are discussed by able writers from various standpoints. Published by Andrew J. Palm & Co., 88 Park Row, New York.

The Social Economist for July presents an interesting list of contents, containing a dozen or more papers on questions of economics and finance, in this country and abroad. Published by the Socialist Economist Publishing Company, Union Square, New York.

The ladies will enjoy the *Ladies' Home Journal* for July which is filled with interesting reading matter and beautifully illustrated. It also presents a piece of music entitled "The American Girl Waltz." Published by The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

The July number of *The Mid-Continent Magazine* leads off with an entertaining paper on the Croatans of North Carolina, which gives some interesting information about those unique people. This is followed by other interesting articles, one of them being on midwinter travel in Mexico, illustrated, which tells much about that country. Published by the Mid-Continent Press, Chicago, Ill., and Louisville, Ky.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— A Republican Legislature has no hesitation is sneaking through in rubbers a law enabling unscrupulous colored men to blackmail hotel and restaurant keepers and annoy the general public, but a Republican political club, with the name of James J. Blaine as a guarantor of its nigretitude, refuses colored applicants admission to its membership.—*N. Y. Mercury, Dem.*

—— The lunatics are not all in asylums. There are men who would willingly sacrifice their lives in order to tear a piece of orange ribbon from a buttonhole, and there are others who froth at the mouth at the mention of Catholics. When crowds of such persons are in the streets of East Boston bloodshed is inevitable. The authorities are to blame for allowing fanatics to parade in a fanatical part of a town.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mrs. D. V. Butler died at her home at Burgaw on Sunday.

— Durham *Sun*: Near Hickstown this morning J. H. Shelburn arrested Wm. Jackson and J. K. Turner, and seized two buggies, two horses and five kegs of whiskey, which is claimed to be illicit whiskey from a Government still.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: A most horrible death occurred at J. E. Coudrey's mill two or three miles from Scotland Neck, Saturday. George Pope, a young man 33 years old, was working at the saw when the carriage struck a piece of iron which was thrown up and struck his head. He fell upon the saw and one arm was sawed off, the saw cut into his side to his liver, and cut one of his thighs. He lived an hour and was rational to the last.

— Columbus *News*: The corn crop has improved wonderfully during the fine weather of the last month, and the prospects are now that a good crop will be made, although later than usual. Cotton is doing fairly well. —— Revenue Officer Gibson and deputies made a raid on Barnum Jones' still in the swamp near his house Tuesday afternoon, and destroyed the still and turned out about 600 gallons of beer. They failed to capture Jones.

— Charlotte *News*: The old fashioned stubble field is becoming a rarity in Mecklenburg. It was heretofore the way with the farmers, after cutting wheat, to let the field grow up in stubble. Now all this is changed. Nearly every wheat field on the farms around Charlotte has been ploughed and harrowed and planted down in some other crop. The farmers these days are making two crops where they formerly made but one.

— Smithfield *Herald*: Mr. Matthew Holland, who lives about six miles beyond Selina in O'Neal's township, was shot from ambush by some unknown fiend last Wednesday. Mr. Holland had started out with a Mr. Hamilton to pick huckleberries, and was about one mile from any road when he was shot. Mr. Hamilton ran and was not hurt. Mr. Holland had five balls to lodge in different parts of his body. His recovery is doubtful. While it is not known who shot him suspicion rests on George Capps, who is supposed to be connected with moonshining and is said to be a desperate character.

TWINKLINGS.

— Dentist—The nerves are dead; that's what's the matter. Celtic Patient—Then, be the blessid Virgin, th' dom tooth must be houldin' a wake over thim!—*Puck.*

— Jack—So George has married Dora, eh? Look out for a divorce.

Dick—You don't mean it?

Jack—Sure to come. It is one of those matches in which the relatives on both sides are perfectly satisfied.—*New York Weekly.*

— "You will notice that I have you on the string," said the boy to the kite.

"Yes," answered the kite, "that's what makes me soar."—Indianapolis *Journal.*

— Bill's Picnic. — What's Bill Jones takin' so much time thumpin' that one trunk around for? asked one railway employe of another.

S-S-Sh! Don't bother him. He's enjoying himself. That's the first trunk marked glass that has come his way in a month.—*Washington Star.*

H. Hineman, Milwaukie, writes: "One box Japanese Pile Cure has cured me of a case of 28 years' standing, after being treated by New York's best physicians." J. HICKS BUNTING, J. H. HARDING. †

WHAT A GOOD KNIFE COSTS.

More Men Spend $3 For a Pocketknife Than Less That Amount.

"More men pay $3 and upward for a pocketknife than less. That may not be the experience of all cutlery dealers, but that's the kind of trade we cater to," said a knife expert from behind the counter of a store on one of the most frequented of down town streets. "Spaniards spend the most money for knives," he continued. "Spaniards who come here are very fastidious in the matter of cutlery anyway. Where an American family in the same circumstances will be content with the ordinary plated tableware, costing $4 or $4.50 a dozen, a Spaniard will have nothing but the finest steel with ivory handles, at $18 and over. The average business man spends usually about $3 for a four bladed knife. If he loses a knife often, as many men do, he comes down to $2, then to $1. Most expensive knives are bought for presents. Four dollars buys an excellent gift. Last season many knives were given for prizes at euchre parties. Such knives were usually the fancy ones, with half a dozen blades or attachments. That big 7 inch knife there is a hunter's knife. It costs $4.

"A man who buys that will take it to the Adirondacks, and when he leaves there present it to his guide. We have one customer who buys three of those knives every year. He gives them to his guides, he says. We sell nearly 150 of them every year. This heavy one here with a big steel hook is a horseman's knife. It costs $7. The hook is used for digging out a stone from the horse's hoof. It has, as you see, other attachments, such as a corkscrew, screwdriver, nut cracker, awl, gimlet and a score of things for other useful or useless purposes, according to the point of view. We sell many of them, probably more than any other one kind. Sailors usually buy pretty good knives. They and Italians go in for big, sharp knives that should be handy in case of defense. Pretty nearly every trade has a peculiar knife. That's one reason why a well equipped cutlery shop makes such a formidable display. Knives cost all the way from 50 cents to $25. We don't sell many at the latter price."—New York Press.

Forge and Furnace of the Future.

The opinion is expressed by a writer in The Mechanical News that the forge and furnace of the future will consist of a lead lined glass or porcelain vase, or cupola, filled with cold acidified water, to which is connected a strong positive conductor, the forge and outfit being rendered complete by a pair of tongs with insulated handles attached to a flexible negative conductor. According to this plan, the smith seizes the piece of iron which is to be manipulated with the insulated tongs and plunges it into the sour water, which begins to boil and bubble the instant it comes in contact with the iron, the latter, in a remarkably short space of time, turning to a red and then to a white heat, ready for the work of the smith. So rapidly indeed is the heating done by this means that the water and the portion of the iron not immersed in the water are but slightly warmed. The principle involved in this process is of a simple and well known character—resistance producing the light and heat—it being found that enormous heat can be produced by such a method, much greater, in fact, than is necessary to extract iron from the most refractory ores. It is remarked that the value of such a process will be especially exhibited in the more complete and rapid handling of heavy iron and steel plates and bars requiring to be hammered and welded—more valuable still for tempering purposes, as the necessary heat for the immersed portion can be so quickly obtained, while the remaining portion holds comparatively cool.

Routed the Bull.

A lumberman attached to John Crane's camp, up beyond the Katahdin Iron works in Maine, was tramping across to a pond late one November evening when he ran upon a bull moose.

The lumberman had no rifle, so he yelled and waved his arms, expecting that the broad antlered bull would dash fear stricken down the mountain. But it didn't. It rushed for the lumberman. He dodged about a tree and dropped his ax. For ten minutes he dodged, half scared to death. Then he climbed the tree.

The bull butted the tree with its antlers until it swayed to and fro, and then walked away a few yards and rested. The lumberman yelled some more. When he could yell no longer, he set his wits to work. Just above him was a dead limb. He broke it off, and as the bull advanced again he set the wood afire and dropped it on the bull's back. With a bellow it ran down the mountain. The half frozen lumberman made a line for camp.—New York World.

An Extraordinary Freak.

A citizen of Tampa, Fla., is the owner of a wonderful curiosity in the shape of a pair of deer's horns in which one of the prongs ends in a startling malformation. Four inches from the place where it branches from the main horn this prong suddenly enlarges into a bulbous growth nearly as large as a man's fist, and it is in this excrescence that the wonder lies. The bulb is in the form of a hound's head, plainly showing ears, mouth, eyes, etc. It was "taken in the down," and were it otherwise it is impossible that it could be a work of art, owing to the enlargement necessary for the freak.—St. Louis Republic.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless, as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y su tu th change

AN ENGLISH CASUAL.

WHERE TRAMPS GET FOOD AND LODGING FOR WORK.

Josiah Flynt and a Companion Wind Up a Study of Tramp Life In England by a Visit to a "Spike"—Meeting With a Great Friend of Mark Twain.

Josiah Flynt, who has given interesting studies on tramp life in Germany and in this country, has extended his investigations to England. He writes a paper entitled, "Two Tramps In England" in Century. He and his companion, a German student, completed a tour through the provinces with an experience in a "casual" at Notting Hill, London. Mr. Flynt writes:

We appeared at the door of the ward about half past 7 in the evening. A little window was raised, and I stepped forward to state my business. Unconsciously I leaned against the sill of the window, which offended the inspector in charge considerably.

"What's your name?" he thundered. Still leaning on the sill, I gave him my name honestly enough. He then remarked to some person inside that we were not accustomed to such places evidently, and called out, "Stand back, will you!" Back I stood. He cried out again, "Take off your hat!" My hat came off instanter. Still again: "You come in here as if you was a meeleeonary. You're not. You're a casual." I was as meek as could well be. Ryborg was itching to grab the inspector with his long arms. The next question was as to where we had slept the night before.

"Straw stack," I replied.

"None of your impudence! You slept out. Why don't you say so? Have you got any money?"

"A hap'enny, sir."

"Hand it in." In it went. Then I had to tell my trade, which was that of a sailor, and naturally the next question was as to where I was bound.

"To Ameriky, sir, if I can ever get there."

"You're goin to tramp it, aren't you?"

"Yes, sir; that's my intention." But for the life of me I could not see how I was to reach America that way. I was so frightened that I would have told him anything he wanted.

When he was through with us, a kind hearted attendant took us in hand, gave us some gruel and bread, a bath, clean night shirts, and then a cell apiece, in which we slept very well.

As there were only four inmates that morning we were needed for the cleaning up, and so escaped stone breaking, which I dreaded exceedingly, and were put at various light occupations—or rather I was. Ryborg was the victim of his strength. Our breakfast consisted of the same dish as our supper of the night before. I was soon busy as general fireman, scrubber, knife cleaner, coal carrier, dish washer and helper of my sister sufferer, Mrs. Murphy, as she washed her task of towels and shirts. At noon we had pea soup and bread. I enjoyed it, but Ryborg did not. The poor fellow was feeling badly. He had had to scrub nearly 20 cells, and the bending over incident to such a feat had nearly broken his back. At dinner he said plaintively, "Flynt, I want to go home." "So do I," I replied, "but I fancy we're wanted here till tomorrow morning." This proved to be the case, but he felt better in the afternoon and got through comfortably, wheeling nearly a ton of stone from some of the cells to the general pile. He earned his "keep," if ever any poor prisoner did.

I fear I was more shiftless, for about the middle of the afternoon the attendant who was with me at the furnace said: "You might as well rest. Just keep your eye on the fires, that's all." It was kind of him, and as I had at least earned my pea soup and gruel I took his advice. He was kinder to me, I think, because I gave him a corncob pipe which he had had to take away from me the night before. During the day he had asked me several questions about it, and I said, "It's a very decent sort of pipe—coolinlike, you know."

"Doesn't Mark Twain always smoke one o' them pipes?" said he.

"Blest if I know," said I, "but I can well think it."

"I'm a great friend of Mark Twain," he pursued, "an I'm a-thinkin o' gettin one o' them pipes, jest out of respect for him."

"Well," said I, "permit me in the name of your respect to present you with my pipe. Besides you've got it anyhow." He thanked me profusely, and promised to keep it forever. Later in the day he reported it to be just as I had said, "sort o' coolin like." And he was a good friend to me all the rest of my stay in the Notting Hill station.

On Wednesday morning we were turned loose with our two ha'pennies. We were both so happy that we decided to get off the road that very day.

We had been tramps for three weeks, and had walked most of this time fully 15 miles a day. So we looked up my friend at the Temple, and in a few hours were respectable again. That same day I took my tramp clothes out to the casual ward and presented them to my friend the attendant. I had told him the day before that I expected to get new "togs" soon, and he had put in a plea for my old ones. Good luck to him and them.

The Reason Why.

New Parson—Which do you like best, Willie, your day school or your Sunday school?

Willie—My Sunday school.

New Parson—I am glad to hear that. Why do you like your Sunday school the best?

Willie—Because it is only once a week.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Particular.

Conductor—That's a French coin, sir. I can't take it.

Passenger—You can't? You gave it to me in change this morning.

Conductor—Well, you see, I'm more particular than you are.—London Quiver.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve at once little suffdrer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred, Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

It is a Fact

that *Cottolene* makes better pastry than lard, is more reliable than lard, more cleanly than lard, more healthful than lard, and is superior to lard for frying and shortening. **COTTOLENE** is recommended by expert cooks and endorsed by scientists. Once used always used. Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails. See that trade mark—steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—is on the pail.

Made only by
The
N. K. Fairbank Company,
ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	6
Standard		7½@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams, ℔ lb		13½@	14
Sides, ℔ lb		8½@	10
Shoulders, ℔ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides, ℔ lb		7 @	7¼
Shoulders, ℔ lb		6½@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BREESWAX, ℔ lb		@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ℔ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	60	@	
Virginia Meal	60	@	63½
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES— ℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	35
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ℔ lb			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ℔ lb	37	@	38
Laguyra	20	@	28
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6	@	6½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ℔ dozen		@	10
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13,00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 75
Choice	4 00	@	4 75
Straight	4 25	@	4 40
Fine Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE— ℔ lb	7½@		10
GRAIN— ℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	65	@	67½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	65
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	65
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	50
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	3½
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	@	3¼
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	5½@		9@
North Carolina	6½@		9
LIME, ℔ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	16 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" " in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	45
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 00	@	1 60
ORK, ℔ bar			
City Mess	4 50	@15	50
Rump		@ 14	00
Prime		@ 12	00
PEAS, ℔ bushel	10	@	15
		@	75
		@	65
		@	65
	45	@	50
SHINGLES	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd			4¾
Standard A			4½
White Ex. C			4¼
Extra C, Golden			4
C, Yellow			3¾
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼@		14
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	10 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	9 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	30	@	7 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	4 50
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	3 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	
TALLOW, ℔ lb		@	2
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	14	@	
Gear of burr	15@	@	
Burry		@	

The Millionaire's Eagle Eye.

Another story illustrative of the daily life of a Chicago millionaire may help to explain why some people have more money than others.

This millionaire invited a visitor from another city to meet him at a certain hour and accompany him to the stockyards, where he has large interests.

The millionaire rode up in a sidebar buggy somewhat the worse for mud and wear, drawn by a shaggy but active horse. He explained that before starting for the yards he would have to go to one of the large banks down town, as he was on the board which regulated loans, and he had to pass on an application for a loan of $500,000.

They stopped in front of the bank, and the rich man hurried in and remained several minutes. He came out on a run, and they started rattledy bang for the stockyards and Packingtown.

When they arrived and were entering the packing house, they saw an old man sorting out into barrels a heap of bones and fatty remnants. The bones were trimmed and put into one barrel and the flesh and fat into another barrel. The millionaire owner of the place walked over to the workman and began asking questions. Then he drew off his coat, rolled back his shirt sleeves to the shoulder and began rummaging among the bones. He found several which had not been properly stripped, and the workman received a scolding which he will remember all his life.

The stripping of those bones was just as important as the loaning of $500,000. —Chicago Record.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail." Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Regular size 50c. and $1.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm with sales at 25½ cents per gallon for country and 28 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 17½ per bbl. for Strained and $1 22½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1 25 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1 20 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—Firm.

Ordinary	4⅜	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	5⅝	" "
Low Middling	6 5-16	" "
Middling	6¾	" "
Good Middling	7 1-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	6 bales
Spirits Turpentine	158 casks
Rosin	422 bbls
Tar	28 bbls
Crude Turpentine	24 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 8—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent.; last loan at 1 per cent and closing offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 3½@3¾ per cent. Sterling exchange very strong; actual business in bankers' bills at 489@489¼ for sixty days and 489¾@490 for demand. Commercial bills 487¾@488¼. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 113½; United States twos 96¼. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 102; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 8—Evening Cotton steady; middling gulf 7 7-16c, middling uplands 7 3-16c.

Futures closed steady; sales to-day of 95,500 bales; July 6.97; August 6.98c; September —c; October 7.08; November 7.10c; December 7.15c; January 7.20c; February 7.25c; March 7.30c.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 48 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent — bales; forwarded 25 bales; sales 1,260 bales, sales to spinners 1,160 bales; stock (actual) 203,729 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 1,275 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,689 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 4,700 bales; stock 393,333 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 3,660 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,095 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 5,183 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,895,827 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,402,991 bales; exports to France 772,139 bales; exports to the Continent 2,404,078 bales.

Flour dull and weak at quotations, winter wheat, low grades $2 70@3 30; fair to fancy $3 50@4 00; do patents $4 20@4 50; Minnesota clear $3 10@3 40; do patents $3 90@4 65; low extras $2 70@3 30; city mills $4 35; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 40@3 15, good to choice do. $3 20@4 00. Wheat and 3½@3¼c lower, options closing steady, No. 2 red in store and at elevator 70½@70¾c; afloat 71¾c; options were active and heavy, with prices 3½@3¼c lower; No. 2 red July 70⅝c; August 71⅝c; October 72½c; December 73⅞c. Corn active and weak; No. 2 at elevator 46½@48c; afloat 47½@49c; options were active and 2¾@3¾c lower; July 46½c; August 47c; September 47¼c. Oats quiet and weaker; options fairly active and weaker; July 25¾c; September 26¾c; spot—No. 2, 27@27¾c; No. 2 white 33¼@34c; mixed Western 28@29c. Hay—prime, scarce and firmer; shipping 65@70c; good to choice 85c@$1 00. Wool quiet and demand fair; domestic fleece 15@19; pulled 12@30c; Texas 9@12c. Beef quiet; family $11 00@13 00; extra mess $8 00; beef hams dull at $18 00@18 50; tierced beef easy; city extra Indiamess $17 00@18 00. Cut meats in fair demand, strong; pickled bellies 7@7¼; pickled shoulders 6c; pickled hams 9¼@10c. Lard quiet; Western steam $6 65; city $6 15@6 20; July $6 63, nominal; September $6 83, nominal; refined dull; Continent $7 05; South America $7 40; compound $5 00@5 25. Pork quiet and steady; mess $13 50@14 25. Butter easy; supply liberal; State dairy 11@17c; do. creamery 17@17½c; Western dairy 9@14c; creamery ——c; Elgins 17½@18c. Cotton seed oil unsettled; quiet; crude 23c; py yellow prime 26½c; do good off grade 25¾@26c. Rice in fair demand; domestic, fair to extra 4¼@6; Japan 4@4¼c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 26@32c; firm, fairly active. Peanuts firm. Coffee quiet and 5 points up to 5 down; July $14 60; October $14 70; December $14 60@14 65; spot Rio dull and easy; No. 7, quoted at $15 75. Sugar—raw fairly active and steady; fair refining 2⅞; refined sugar firm and fairly active; off A 4⅛@4⅜c; standard A 4 7-16@4⅝; cut-loaf and crushed 5 1-16@5¼; granulated 4 7-16@4¾c. Freights to Liverpool firmer grain; cotton per steamer 1-16d; grain per steamer 1½ bid and 2d asked.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Cash prices: Flour was dull and weak; the demand was slow, with offerings increasing. Wheat—No. 2 spring 66¾@69¾c; No. 2 red 66¾@66

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

ap 4 1y

Smoking Tobacco and Pipes.

25 boxes Powatan Smoking Tobacco, Pipe and Stem free with each 2-ounce package.

10 boxes Red Coon high grade chewing Tobacco—include box each in next order.

Consignments Naval Stores solicited. W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 225 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

July 7 tf D&W

FOR **MAN** AND **BEAST!**

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

LUNATICS WHO FEIGN INSANITY.

Curious Manifestations With Which the Experts Have to Deal.

"One would think that the last thing a really insane person would need or wish to do would be to pretend to be crazy," said an expert on insanity the other day. "Insane people, however, all have one peculiarity in common, no matter how diverse their symptoms are—none of them knows that he is crazy. In fact, a lunatic generally considers himself the most sane person in the neighborhood. Hence, when he desires to protect himself, as after committing some crime, one of the first things he often does is to feign insanity. It is only lately that this fact has been realized, and this has cost many lunatics their lives.

"For instance, a madman commits a murder. On arrest he begins to act in a way that seems to indicate insanity, but close watching betrays the fact that his symptoms are feigned. He is shamming. This has usually been regarded as conclusive evidence of his sanity. It is really nothing of the kind. The doctors know now that a lunatic will sham as quickly as a sane man, and his shamming, being often clumsily done, is much more apt to be found out.

"Crazy people when feigning generally sham a different kind of insanity from that which they really possess. For instance, in a recently reported case a demented pauper was accustomed to proclaim loudly that he was insane, having been made so by an accumulation of tar and grease in his head. This was entirely sham, the man having found that it drew attention to him and gained him presents of tobacco. His real hallucinations he kept carefully in the background. The contrast between his obtrusive shamming and his concealment of his real symptoms was very curious.

"The desire to attract attention is very strong on the part of some lunatics, and it is possible that in many of the cases that interest visitors at asylums where the patient asserts that he is Queen Victoria or Julius Cæsar, the whole thing is a sham. In one recorded case an asylum patient was much put out by finding that a companion, who claimed to have written some of Shakespeare's plays, attracted the attention of visitors. He accordingly went the man one better by claiming to have written all the works of Byron, Shelley and Milton. This claim, he admitted to the physicians, was fraudulent, and he made it to visitors only.

"In Chicago several years ago a supposedly harmless lunatic, who was confined in the bridewell awaiting legal action on his condition, brained a crippled fellow prisoner with the latter's wooden leg. On being charged with the deed, he showed very plainly that, though he appreciated his situation, he was determined to sham insanity, putting on a vacant look in reply to all questions. Another Chicago case was that of a man who had committed murder by command, as he claimed, of the Virgin Mary. His lawyers, who supposed him sane, advised him to feign insanity, which he did, pretending to be raving mad. The sham and the real insanity were both detected by the experts, and the man was sent to an asylum.

"This peculiarity of lunatics makes the task of a modern expert on insanity doubly hard. He has to deal not only with sane persons pretending to be insane and with insane persons pretending to be sane, but with lunatics who feign insanity. By skillful examination and cross examination he has to elicit the truth from all these unwilling witnesses. His task is scarcely an enviable one."—New York World.

Terms of Affection.

"Mamma, dear," is a more loving phrase to a mother's ear than "honored madam," though it would have astonished our great-grandmothers, and the spontaneous caresses of a child are very sweet. Yet it is possible so to err on the side of familiarity, both with the young and with subordinates, that the sense of reverence for elders and superiors is undermined.

But human nature is slow to adopt the happy medium in any of its ways, and elderly people declare that manners are daily deteriorating. Only the very old can fully realize the order of things which prevailed up to the early years of the present century, but it has left a leaven behind it which we recognize among the thoroughly well bred members of society.—Chambers' Journal.

Bread Upon the Waters.

When Victor Hugo was in exile in Brussels, he asked Rochefort to stand godfather to his son Charles. Rochefort accepted, and in looking for a suitable present saw in a curiosity shop window a silver table ornament which attracted him and which he bought, though the price was 35,000 francs. When after 1870 Rochefort was sent to New Caledonia and his property confiscated, Victor Hugo sold the ornament for the benefit of Rochefort's family. It turned out that it was the work of Benvenuto Cellini, and it brought in 200,000 francs.—New York Herald.

The Scholars of France.

As a sample of the payment of distinguished scholars in this country it may be mentioned that M. Gaston Boissier, who was lately elected life secretary of the Academy, only received $600 annually as rector of the College de France. In his new position he is entitled to $1,200, or double the sum paid him as head of the great educational establishment over which Ernest Renan ruled. The immortals, according to the foundation rules, are supposed to be paid $800 yearly, in addition to their fees for attending meetings. As a matter of fact, however, they only receive $200 annually. The remainder of the sum forms a sinking fund, out of which eight aged academicians get allowances, if their private annual income falls short of $1,200.—Paris Letter.

Unjust Fate.

"Here is another one of them plutes," said Mr. Dismal Dawson, "in the paper that says he never was so happy as when he was working by the day."

"Well?" ventured Mr. Everett Wrest, with languid interest.

"Well, you say? W'y, it is jist this. Here is a feller that really likes work rollin in more money than he kin count, and here is you and me, that money would do some good. I guess you know where we are at without no furder words."—Cincinnati Tribune.

QUEER LANGUAGE.

The "Camphor Tongue" of a Wild but Inoffensive Race.

One of the queerest languages in the world, used for the queerest purposes, is the "camphor language" of Johore, a country of the Malay peninsula. It has lately been studied and reported upon by Mr. Lake, an English engineer in the service of the sultan of Johore. This language is called the "Pantang Kapor," or camphor language, and is used by the natives and all others who are engaged in gathering the product of the Malayan camphor tree and only at that time. If they used either of the languages of the region, the Malay or the aboriginal Jakun, the natives believe that they could not obtain any camphor, and for a most curious reason. The camphor tree, Dryoblanops camphora, grows abundantly in certain parts of the peninsula, but only occasionally contains camphor crystals. The camphor is not the same as that obtained from the camphor laurel of Formosa and Japan, which is the source of the ordinary camphor of commerce. It is a sort very highly prized by the Chinese in the embalming of their dead, in incense and in medicine, and the gum brings much more than the common camphor.

The Malayans and other Johore natives believe that each species of tree has a spirit or divinity that presides over its affairs. The spirit of the camphor tree is known by the name of Bisan—literally "a woman." Her resting place is near the trees, and when at night a peculiar noise is heard in the woods, resembling that of a cicada, the Bisan is believed to be singing, and camphor will surely be found in the neighborhood. But the spirit of the camphor tree seems to be jealous of the precious gum and must be propitiated, and if she knows that hunters are in quest of it she will endeavor to turn their steps aside. So it is necessary to speak in a tongue which she does not understand. For this purpose the "camphor language" has been invented. It consists of a mixture of Jakun and Malay words, but these are curiously altered and reversed, and the natives positively believe that the divinity of the camphor tree is completely confused. The Jakuns who hunt the camphor are one of the wildest of people, but inoffensive. They live together with monkeys, dogs, cats, innumerable fowls and perhaps a tame hornbill in perfect harmony under movable leaf shelters built on poles in the woods.—Boston Traveller.

The Invincible Armada.

The invincible armada was a famous naval expedition sent by Philip II of Spain against England in 1588. It consisted of 130 vessels, 2,430 great guns, 4,575 quintals of powder, nearly 20,000 soldiers, above 8,000 sailors and more than 2,000 volunteers. It arrived in the English channel on July 19 and was defeated the next day by Admiral Howard, who was seconded by Drake, Hawkins and Frobisher. Eight fire ships having been sent into the Spanish fleet, they bore off in great disorder. Profiting by the panic, the English fell upon them and captured or destroyed a number of their ships, and Admiral Howard maintained a running fight from July 21 to July 27, with such effect that the Spanish commander, despairing of success, resolved to return home, and as escape through the English channel was prevented by contrary winds he undertook to sail around the Orkneys, but the vessels which still remained to him were dispersed by storms or shipwrecked among the rocks and shallows on different parts of the Scottish and Irish coast, and upward of 5,000 men were drowned, killed or taken prisoners. Of the whole armada 53 ships only returned to Spain, and these in a wretched condition. The English lost but one ship.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Animals That Commit Suicide.

Intelligent observers have testified to facts which appear to show that in certain circumstances the snake, scorpion and even some quadrupeds commit suicide. M. Henry, a clock manufacturer of Longuyon, France, has recently described an experiment of the kind which he made with a wasp. The wasp was imprisoned under a glass, and knowing that benzine asphyxiates insects he put some paper soaked in it beside the captive. The wasp became uncomfortable, then angrily attacked the paper, but finding all its efforts unavailing it finally lay down on its back, and folding up its abdomen planted its sting thrice into its body. M. Henry was so curious to confirm the fact that, in spite of his humane feelings, he repeated the experiment on three wasps with the like result.—London Globe.

POO BAHS OF TRAVEL.

The General Passenger Agents and Their Services to the Public.

General passenger agents know what it costs to go anywhere, remain there any length of time and come back by another route. They are, in short, the Pooh Bahs of the realm of travel. Without them the average human being with a burning desire to go somewhere would be as a blind man in a crowded, unfamiliar thoroughfare, as a ship without a rudder or a bird of passage deprived of one of its wings. Think of a world without the ever present "folder" and its impartial, never overdrawn claims of superiority for the line to which it owes its existence. Life in it would indeed be without sufficient compensation. The art of advertising was an unknown quantity until the general passenger agent came upon the scene and with his magic wand transformed dull nothings into bright, realistic somethings. To him the steepest grade and the sharpest curve are of little consequence. Grades and curves and distances that have defied the skill of superior and engineer disappear before the morning sunlight. Under his manipulation ponds become lakes, hills grow to be mountains, groves expand into forests, rills swell into rivers, and all that has been thought uninteresting, or worse, suddenly bursts upon the world as a "thing of beauty and a joy forever."

Seriously the traveling public owes much, very much, to the general passenger agent. Not only has he brought to notice and to popularity innumerable deserving localities that otherwise would have "blushed unseen," but he has made it possible to visit these, as well as others longer and better known, with an expenditure of time and exertion and expense insignificant in its proportions when compared with that of years gone by. He is ever watchful of the needs and whims and eccentricities of travelers and quick to provide for their every requirement. He is an intermediary between the traveler and the railway or steamship company, ever ready to serve the interests of both without prejudice to either and never shrinking from any proper obligation. In the early days of coming and going by rail and steamer he was not known. Now he is one of the most important factors in the whole warp and woof of travel, and for him the future is full of added powers and increasing honors.—Magazine of Travel.

A Rope Barometer.

In the office of the Des Moines Register is the best barometer in the state. It consists of an ordinary rope attached to the carrier box between the first and fourth floors, making it nearly 60 feet long. This rope is wonderfully sensitive to changes in the atmosphere. At least 24 hours before the average rain it begins to tighten by the absorption of moisture. Its predictions nearly always come true.

MUSIC IN THE AIR.

A Curious Demonstration In a New York Elevated Railroad Car.

As an up town train on the Sixth avenue elevated road pulled in at the Chambers street station about midnight one night last week the passengers heard sounds of singing. The music came from a group of a dozen people who were standing on the platform, and who got on the second car, filling up the seats at one end of it. They continued to sing, and as the train started on people from the other cars flocked in, filling all the seats and blocking the aisle in their curiosity and interest. The singers paid no heed to their audience. There were three women among them, all young, the rest of the crowd being men of various ages. From their songs they might have been taken for Salvation Army people but that they wore no uniforms and that their appearance was that of people somewhat better in circumstances than the generality of the Salvation soldiers.

Whoever they were there was no doubt of the fact that they had sung much together, for their voices blended admirably, and they gave to the rather uproarious hymns which they sung touches of harmony that were never in the original versions. As the train went on the car became crowded to an uncomfortable degree, and the platforms at each end were so blocked that the guards could hardly manipulate the gates. Presently the chorus struck into the familiar hymn, "I love to tell the story," and here and there in the audience there became evident an inclination to join in.

"Help us along," said one of the singers between the verses. "Don't be afraid to sing. If you've got a voice, use it."

A burly negro, who, since his entrance to the car, had been slowly elbowing his way toward the chorus, joined in with a sonorous bass, encouraging two small boys behind him to add their shrill, clear tones to the chorus. Then a man sitting next to one of the women singers, in immaculate evening dress and a silk hat, who had been struggling with himself for some time divided between the impulse to join in and the fear of making himself ridiculous, contributed a fine tenor voice as his share of the proceedings. Two superbly overdressed young women in a cross seat thereupon took courage and chimed in, and presently every person in the car who had a voice to use was using it to its utmost, even the guards incorporating their announcement of stations in the melody. Tune followed tune, the leader of the original singers giving but little pause between the hymns. The melodies were simple and easy to catch, and people who didn't know the words, as most of them didn't, got along very well without them.

The dozen singers got out at Forty-second street, still singing as they left. Then, for the first time, it seemed to strike the crowd that they had been conducting themselves with a very unusual forgetfulness of conventionalities. The two small boys giggled inanely. The big negro grinned. The man in the silk hat contemplated the advertising signs with a great show of interest. The two flashy women looked thoughtful. As the train went on a very marked silence settled down upon the car, broken only by the announcements of the guards, made in voices gruffer than usual.—New York Sun.

Early European Postal Events.

1500, March 1, (O. S.) Francis de Taxis appointed "capitaine et maistre de nos postes" by Philip, regent of the Netherlands, at Ghent. It is a matter of record that the Taxis posts carried English mails from Calais to Vienna and Rome before 1500.

1504, Jan. 18, (O. S.) Francis de Taxis instructed to establish regular posts between Brussels and the capitals of Germany, France and Spain, with pay at 12,000 livres per annum.

1507, England had a "magister postarum," appointed by Henry VII. Possibly it was Sir Brian Tuke, who served until 1545.

1516, Nov. 12, Charles V concluded a contract with Francis and Baptist de Taxis requiring them, for 11,000 gold ducats, to maintain posts between Brussels, the capitals of Germany, France and Spain and Naples. Every postoffice was to have two horses. The Brussels-Paris route was to be covered in 36 hours, Brussels-Burgos in seven days and Brussels-Naples in 14 days.—Postal Record.

Vice Versa.

The Man Who Never Buys—I have half a notion to brace up and quit drinking.

The Man Who Bought—Wouldn't it be a good idea at the present time for you to drink up and quit bracing?—Cincinnati Tribune.

The Home Office Vetoed It.

"Maria, I thought some of taking a little business trip to"—

"John, the home office says you needn't take that trip."

"Oh, well, if you say so, of course."—New York Recorder.

Profit In Soda Fountains.

A New Orleans man named May told me that his yearly profits from his soda fountain were $30,000. One Sanders, a Detroiter, who owns an $8,000 fountain, the finest displayed at the World's fair, does a rushing business, and his sales run from $300 to $700 per day the year round. In Buffalo Stoddard Bros. employ 30 girls to handle ice cream soda, and it takes 3,000 glasses to accommodate their trade. They sell it at 5 cents a glass, and there is a net profit of just 100 per cent. In Boston Thompson's Spa, the greatest soda resort at the Hub, easily clears for its owner $50,000 a year. There are in the United States 100,000 fountains in operation, and manufacturers are getting more orders now than they ever got before.—Washington Post.

Begonias For Garden Decoration.

It is now getting to be well understood that many plants that it was thought could only be grown under glass do remarkably well in our climate under summer shade. The begonia is especially suited to this summer work. The writer came across a little piece of rockwork constructed under the shade of some large trees, in which the whole mass of rocks was completely covered with species of begonia. Every night, or nearly every night, water was showered on them through a hose from a hydrant. Nothing could exceed the beauty of this mass.—Meehan's Monthly.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $125,000.00.

Surplus $35,000.00.

J. W. Norwood, President. W. J. Toomer, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cash.

Loans made at lowest rates on any good security.

Especial attention given to accounts of non-resident customers.

Direct correspondents at every banking town having considerable business in Wilmington.

Accounts solicited.

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer, D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth, S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers, Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers, M. J. Heyer, J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C.

je 26 tf

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.

CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.

CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.

NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

It's Smoking Hot.

But not too hot to smoke with pleasure, or to chew, for that matter.

A fine smoke or a good chew is a luxury that but few smokers or chewers can or care to deny themselves of.

CIGARS.

Yucatan, Royal Blue, Veveta, Panatellas, Havana Pines, Superior Sweepers, Tambor Magor, Little Tillies, Duke of Spain, Herman Cortez, La For de Teller, Conchas Especials (direct from Key West.

CHEWING TOBACCO.

Hancock's Pocket Piece, Hancock's Martiana, Gravely's Five Pound, Wedding Cake, Gravely's 9-in 48, Drummond's Horse Shoe (natural leaf)

CIGARETTES.

Dukes, Old Gold, Marshall's Cubebs, Cross Cut, English Specials, Dr. Blosser's Catarrh.

SMOKING TOBACCOS.

Seal of North Carolina (Plug Cut and Granulated) Duke's Mixture, Cornell's Mixture, Pick Leaf, Pride of Rocky Mount, Durham Long Cut, Cow Boy, Ben. Tranato, Virginia Creepers (Finest on the Market), Durham's Bull and Drum Mixture.

For Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy

je 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

June 8 1m

Stato of North Carolina, County of New Hanover.

Hansen & Smith, vs. Argyle Lumber & Shingle Co.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county to the undersigned, Receivers appointed in the above entitled cause, directed, we will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at Public Auction at the Court House Door of Robeson county, in Lumberton, N. C., on the 25th day of July, 1895, the following described property: One saw and shingle mill situated at Alma, Robeson County, N. C.

Geo. H. Howell, G. B. Patterson, Receivers.

For fuller description of the above property apply to Geo. H. Howell, Wilmington, N. C., or G. B. Patterson, Maxton, N. C. je 25 30t

Seacoast Railroad.

Schedule in Effect June 1, 1895.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 a. m. 10 a. m., 3.00, 5.10 and 7.15 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 6.10 and 9.30 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 7 p. m. June 1 tf

House and Shop.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling and Shop on northeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Everything in excellent repair.

Apply to D. O'CONNOR.

23 3t

NOSETINE

The Only Remedy that Cures CATARRH Colds, Hay Fever, Grippe, Sore Throat, etc.

Nosetine Tablets, 25 cts.

Nosetine Salve, 50 cts.

For sale by J. HICKS BUNTING Y. M. C. A. Bldg. Sole Agt. for Wilmington.

ap 3 1y ep

Summer Resorts.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

my 23 tf

CAPON SPRINGS AND BATHS,

Hampshire, Co., W. Va.

WM. H. SALE, Prop.

The Capon Springs is ALKALINE LITHIA WATER. ALKALINE LITHIA BATHS, ANY TEMPERATURE. LARGEST SWIMMING POOL OF ALKALINE LITHIA WATER IN THE WORLD. One of the FINEST IRON SPRINGS at Capon to be found. SUPERB MOUNTAIN CLIMATE. Here is where the SICK GET WELL, and the well who come to spend a lovely Summer and Fall are NEVER DISAPPOINTED. Write for pamphlet and secure rooms before all the best are taken. Come once, you are sure to come again. Refer to Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Giles, Wilmington.

my 26 tf

The Roanoke Red Sulphur Springs,

VIA. SALEM, VA.

High and dry, Sulphur, Chalybeate, Limestone and Freestone Waters. Hay Fever, Asthma, Lung, Throat and Female Troubles relieved.

For terms, certificates of eminent physicians, of former guests, etc., write for descriptive pamphlet.

J. H. CHAPMAN, Manager.

my 26 2m

THE CELEBRATED.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, Virginia.

THE GAYEST RESORT IN THE MOUNtains. Capacity 1,000. Opens June 1st. Rates reduced one-half. Considering quality of its Patrons

Character of accommodation and

Cheapest Resort in America.

Waters recommended by the leading physicians. If a sufferer from Consumption, Indigestion, Scrofula, Catarrh, Diarrhœa, Female Troubles, &c, or need gayety, surrounded with a superb class of people, write for pamphlet and be convinced. This is a panacea for your troubles. Dr. Isaiah White, of Richmond, Medical Director. JAMES A. FRAZIER, Managing Receiver.

may 11 3m

Alleghany Springs, Va.

The greatest Dyspepsia water known. Endorsed by the State Medical Society, and awarded gold medal and diploma at World's Fair, Chicago. Most popular Summer resort in the mountains of Virginia. Elevation 1,700 feet. Beautiful lawn of 40 acres. Fine walks and drives, good livery. Band of Music. Terms moderate. Write for circular or pamphlet, containing testimonials from prominent physicians, and other parties of eminence. C. A. COLHOUN, Prop.

R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician. June 2 tf

Cleveland Springs

With its Red, White and Blue Sulphur, Lithia, Chalybeate and freestone waters cannot be surpased for their medicinal virtues. The proprietor is determined that the hotel shall not be surpassed for efficient help in each department. The table is first class with an abundance of fresh milk and butter from our own dairy. For circulars and full information, address

J. B. WILKINSON, Proprietor, June 25 tf Shelby, N. C.

Warren White Sulphur Springs,

VIRGINIA.

The Oldest Summer Resort in the United States. Established 1734.

TERMS.

Per week, one person.....$15.00
Per month, one person..... 40.00
Two persons in one room.... 70.00

Special rates to parties of three or more.

Good Fishing, Boating and Bathing.

DISTANCE FROM

Richmond & Danville R. R. 1 mile.
Norfolk & Western R. R....3 miles.
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.....4 miles.

Eight different waters, namely: White, Red and Blue Sulphur, Alum, Iron, Arsenic, Chalybeate and Lithia.

On top of the "Three Top Range" of the Masamitten chain of Mountains. Elevation 2,100 feet above the sea. No mosquitoes, gnats or malaria.

Address, C. W. CULLEN & SON, Cullen P. O., Virginia. je 9 3m

Anchor Lime

IS THE

Best on the Market.

Nails, Hoop-Iron Rivets,

MOLASSES,

Flour, Sugar, Coffee,

MEAT, LARD, &c.

GENERAL GROCERIES.

WORTH & WORTH.

my 12 tf

Half-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city our shop will close every Friday afternoon at 7 o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, Experts in Barbering, South Front St.

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND			STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
6	8			5	7
A M	P M		—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv..	Mulberry street ..Ar	7 05	12 35
7 15		Lv....	Surry Street...Ar	6 50	A M
10 43	3 47	Lv..	Jacksonville Lv	4 30	10 43
11 22	4 30	Lv..	Mayrville.....Lv	3 35	10 03
11 43	4 53	Lv..	Pollocksville.....Lv	3 07	9 55
12 25	5 10	Ar..	Newbern Lv	2 21	9 20
	6 37	Ar—	Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M			P M	

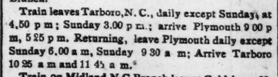
Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 5 and 8.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARKHAM, Traffic Manager. June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 5, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND

NORTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex sn
Leave Greensboro	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "
SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex sn
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40 "

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.37 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 45—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.15 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 5.37 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.30 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m.

Train on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.02 p m, arrive Bishopville 7.39 p m. Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7.00 a m; arrive Elliott 7.38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9.12 a m, Rowland 9.31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6.40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7.50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6.30 a m, arrive Latta 7.50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.23 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m, Hartsville 9.00 p m, Cheraw, 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m. 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1895

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Weak and Lower—Corn and Oats Lower—A Further Decline in Prices of Pork Products.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Wheat to-day closed 8⅜c. further away from the dollar market than it did on Saturday. When the session was over there was not a bull to be found, whilst the erstwhile down east bear was exhilirated with joy and increased wealth. There were any number of reasons assigned for the break in prices and the few arguments friendly to the grain were put forward timorously. The weatherman predicted light frosts in the Northwest and the crowd started to buy valiantly on this at the opening. The discovery was soon made however, that the market was a contrary one and that it was easier to push prices lower than to lift them higher. It nevertakes a scalper long to shift from one side to the other, and a very few minutes after the session began found selling more popular than buying. By far the greatest power for weakness in the market to-day was the new wheat movements. Of the twenty-six cars received to-day twenty-one were new wheat, and one hundred cars—mostly new—are estimated for to-morrow. The trade, conscious of the sentiment always resulting from the first arrivals, were unwilling to offer any opposition to declining prices. September opened from 71¼c to 70⅜c, declined to 67¼c, closing at 67¾c—8¾c under Saturday. Cash wheat was weak and 3@8¼c per bushel lower.

Corn—A decline was only natural in corn, considering the extreme weakness and depression of its companion grain. No damage as yet has been reported to the crop, and barring accident there will be a good yield. The receipts keep up well, 169 cars coming in to-day, where but 185 were expected. September corn opened at 44⅜c, sold between 44⅞, 45 ane 42¼, closing at 42¾—2¼c under Saturday. Cash corn was 2c per bushel lower.

Oats—Oats dragged considerable to-day. When the maximum weakness in corn and wheat was reached there was an acceleration to the downward course of oats, the close showing an important loss. The tone was purely a sympathetic one with no independent or individual news to check the descent. September oats closed 1 to 1¼c under Saturday. Cash oats were 1 to 1¼c per bushel lower.

Provisions—The expected revival to business in this market did not appear to-day. No spirit was evident in the transactions and activity was lacking. Firmness was reported in the hog market early, but later in the morning the early gain was lost. Product opened steady with no disposition to move in either direction, but near the close the weakness pervading the grain markets exercised a bad effect and declines took place in pork, lard and ribs. September pork closed 17½ lower; September lard, 10c lower and September ribs 12½ to 15c lower.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose seven to nine points, lost about half of this, and then rallied and closed quiet and steady at a net rise of six to eight points, with sales of 95,000 bales. New Orleans advanced five to six points, and though it lost considerable of the improvement it rallied later on. The port receipts were 1,275 bales, against 398 this day last week and 1,398 last year. Liverpool advanced 1-32d on the spot and four to four and a half points for future delivery; closed quiet and steady with spot sales of 12,000 bales. In Manchester yarns were dull and cloths quiet. The Signal Service predicted generally fair weather in the cotton belt. Spot cotton was 1-16c higher and also in Norfolk and Baltimore. One thousand two hundred and sixty bales were sold.

To-day's features: The dominating influences were the activity and advance in Liverpool, and the general belief that the bureau report on Wednesday will be bullish. There were further rains in Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi, which were needed, and it may be doubted whether the rainfall reported in South Carolina and Georgia was altogether beneficial, but on the other hand the weather in most parts of the southwest was dry and therefore favorable for cleaning the crop. Moreover, the signal service predicted generally fair weather throughout the cotton belt during the next twenty-four hours. New Orleans sold rather freely through some of the German houses, and some private advices claimed that trade in Manchester was poor and that the East Indian monsoon had proved unsatisfactory. The rise in Liverpool, however, according to private advices received from the market. was due to fresh speculative buying and a better trade demand. Certainly the spot business there was the best reported in some time. The undertone of the market here was firm.

The Governor of Virginia has ordered the Monticello Guard, of Charlotteville, to Berryville, to protect Robinson, the negro on trial there for attempting outrage upon Miss Nall.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

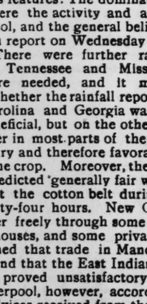
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 8.—Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 38¼@39. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 55@1 60.

CHARLESTON, July 8—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c bid; receipts 42 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10 @1 20; receipts 243 barrels.

SAVANNAH, July 8.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 26½c for regulars; sales 863 casks; after the close buyers were bidding 26c; receipts 1,776 casks. Rosin firm and demand good; sales 8,500 barrels; quotations: A, B, C $1 10, D $1 22½, E $1 30, F $1 40, G $1 50, H $1 60, I $1 80, K $2 15, M $2 35, N $2 50, window glass $2 70, water white $2 90.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

may 28 tf

CHINA AND JAPAN.

PROSPECTS FOR PERMANENT PEACE BETWEEN THE TWO NATIONS.

Hon. Jno. W. Foster Gives His Views of the Situation and Some Account of His Peace Mission.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Hon. John W. Foster has arrived at his home in this city from China, where he served as counsellor to the Chinese peace envoys in the negotiations to end the Chinese-Japanese war. Mr. Foster has been absent from Washington on this mission nearly seven months, having started on the 23d of December last. Until the day he left Shanghai for home, after having accompanied Lord Li to Formosa to tranfer that island to the Japanese in accordance with the provisions of the treaty of Shimonseki, Mr. Foster was engaged almost night and day in the labors of his office, and he comes back somewhat fatigued and ready for a summer's rest.

In conversation with a reporter this afternoon Mr. Foster was asked for his opinion of the prospects of permanent peace with China and Japan as the result of the treaty of Shimonseki.

He replied: "There is good reason to expect permanent peace between the two Empires. The terms demanded by Japan, may, under the circumstances, be regarded as reasonable, especially in view of the retrocession of the Liao-Lung peninsula. The treaty has been observed and carried out by China with scrupulous good faith. Her conduct in this respect has created a very favorable impression in Japan."

"Cable dispatches announcing the conclusion of the arrangements for a loan of $80,000,000 to China, contain speculations as to China's ability to meet her financial obligations to Japan. Is there any warrant for the intimation that she will fail in that regard?"

"I think not. The proceeds of the loan which has been placed through Russian influence will enable China to pay the first two installments of the indemnity. These two installments cover half of the indemnity, and the balance, extending over a period of six years, will be a comparatively easy burden for the Chinese Government, if any skill is shown whatever in the management of the Imperial revenues. The country has great resources and has never yet failed in its financial engagements. Hence the peace concluded at Shimonoseki is not likely to be broken on account of the shortcomings of China. If a rupture occurs it is more likely to be brought about by the intermeddling of the European powers."

"What is thought of the attitude of these powers toward the parties to the recent contest?"

"The intervention of Russia on account of the terms of peace was not unexpected and it is not unnatural in view of her predominating interest in the Orient, especially on the North Pacific coast of Asia. That France followed the lead of Russia, created no surprise in the East; but that Germany should unite with them in a display of force against Japan was entirely unexpected, and is not yet understood. British residents in China and Japan are very bitter in the criticism of their Government for its abstention in the matter. They allege that its failure to join with the other powers in rearranging the terms of peace, has lost for the country much prestige and has left Russia a free hand in its control of Pekin.

"Of all the countries diplomatically concerned in the contest, the United States has come out of it with better grace than any other," said Mr. Foster.

"Why is that?"

"Because from the first her interest has been recognized by both beligerents as purely disinterested, her only desire being to render such service as would bring about an honorable and lasting peace. The conduct of the State Department in its very delicate relations with combatants has been marked by good judgment and by few mistakes, and the good offices of our Ministers and consuls in China and Japan, where they represented the interests of both governments; have been useful and highly appreciated by both nations."

Mr. Foster was asked why he declined to remain in China as the adviser of the government, the first ever made to any foreigner to enter into the consuls of the nation. He answered: "That during the past twenty-five years he has spent the greater portion of his time in foreign lands, and that while his residences abroad had been generally pleasant, he had found no country equal to his native land, and he desired to spend the rest of his days in his own country and his own home. He admitted, however, that if the invitation had come five or ten years earlier in his career he would probably not have declined it.

Mr. Foster's statements that the demands of the Japanese were reasonable in view of the conditions obtaining at the time the negotiations began, make pertinent a summary of what Japan was induced to abate from these demands, which illustrate the value to China of his services, inasmuch as China authority conceds that but for Mr. Foster's presence at Shimonoseki and Chee Foo, there probably would have been no agreement between the parties. The Pekin and Tien Stein *Times*, in an editorial review of the negotiations in the issue containing the document and history of the treaty, says that the document, as finally promulgated, showed an abatement of one-third ($144,400,00) of the amount of the indemnity claimed. the reduction by one-half, of the area of territory claimed on the mainland, (the Laio-Tung peninsula which Japan promised Russia to return to China); the reduction of the payment to be made by China of the cost of the Japanese army of occupation pending the performance of the treaty obligations by China, from the whole estimated sum ($1,600,000) to one-quarter of the cost ($400,000); the restriction of occupation of Chinese territory by Japanese troops to one post—Wei-Hai-Wei, in the Province of Shantung, and the abandonment of the right to occupy Feng-Tion-Fu (Moukden) in the Province of Shantung. There was also a complete abandonment by Japan of the claim for special privileges to her subjects trading in China, the immunity from certain taxation imposed by China upon other foreigners doing business in her territory, and the right of Japanese traders to pay for their purchases in China in the currency of Japan.

PRISONERS ESCAPE

From the County Jail at Hendersonville, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 8.—A special to the *Citizen* from Hendersonville, N. C., says that the prisoners confined in the county jail there made their escape last night by breaking locks, cutting a hole through the ceiling an then tying blankets together and letting themselves down. Every effort is being made to apprehend them. Among those who escaped is Earl Waldrop, a United States prisoner. Sheriff Grant has telegraphed for blood hounds to put on the track of the fugitives.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

ANOTHER CLEVELAND BABY.

It is a Girl, and Was Born at Gray Gables at 4 30 p. m. Yesterday.

BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., July 7.—Just before 5 o'clock to-night news reached the village that a girl baby had been born at Gray Gables. This report was soon verified by Dr. Bryant, who announced that the happy event occurred at 4.30 p. m., and that both mother and little one were doing as well as could be expected. This is the third child born into the President's family, and all of them are girls.

Ruth is 4 years old and Esther is not 2. Only a passing glance could be obtained from the President this afternoon, but that was sufficient to note an expression of satisfaction on the face of the chief executive, although it was an open secret that a boy baby would not have been unwelcome.

Ruth was born at the New York residence of Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, October 3, 1891, and Esther at the White House in Washington, September 9, 1893.

BUZZARD'S BAY, July 8.—All is quiet and serene at Gray Gables this morning. Not until late this morning did the village learn of the arrival of the little girl at the President's summer home. Congratulatory messages are being received to-day from all parts of the country.

BUZZARD'S BAY, July 8.—The condition of Mrs. Cleveland and her little daughter continues to improve constantly and at 8 o'clock to-night are reported to be doing very well indeed. President Cleveland, after satisfying himself of the favorable condition of Mrs. Cleveland, drove down to Sandwich, a distance of ten miles, on a trouting trip. Joe Jefferson and his eldest son, Charles B. Jefferson, accompanied him. They fished all day, returning soon after 6 o'clock to-night with fish enough for dinner.

LABOR TROUBLES.

The Strike Situation in West Virginia Unchanged—Colored Men Taking Places of Strikers in Iron Works at Sharon, Pa.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTOWN, W. VA., July 8.—Reports from Governor McCorkle's private secretary, who is on the scene of the miners' strike on the Norfolk and Western region, states that everything is quiet. A number of new men went to work this morning. There is no immediate danger as labor leaders say they have their men in such shape as to secure obedience to the mandates of the law. United States Marshal Garden has a force of deputies along the Norfolk & Western Railroad to protect the property of the road, which is in the hands of the United States Court.

SHARON, PA., July 8.—Two weeks ago the laborers at the Sharon Iron Works went on a strike for a twenty per cent. increase in wages. Various propositions for a settlement have been offered and rejected. The management of the works have determined to put new men in the strikers places and yesterday a car containing twenty colored men was side-tracked within plant. The arrival of the negroes together with the rumors as to the coming of many more to take the places of the strikers has created much feeling and some excitement. What may result at the arrival of the colored laborers en route, is not known, but it is not thought any serious outbreak will occur.

HIGHER WAGES

For Operatives in Woolen Mills in Rhode Island.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 8.—Wages in the woolen and worsted industry all over the State will be increased during the present month from 7½ to 12 per cent.

In some factories the increase will affect only the weavers for the present, but in other departments an increase will probably follow by the middle of August. A leading mill owner stated last night that the promises made to the operatives in the latter part of 1898, when the cut was made, were about to be fulfilled. The increase will also affect the big Olneyville factory district in this city.

The mill owners, it is learned, have made better rates on light weight cloth work, the manufacture of which will begin during the present month. This assures higher wages to the operatives in this locality. The smaller mills all over the State will at once follow the lead of the Olneyville mill owners in making the advance. The formal announcement of the Olneyville increase will be made soon.

Now that the big strike in the big worsted mills at Olneyville is all over, the managers of the mill affiliated in the Manufacturer's Club, have agreed upon a rate of wages to be made when the light weight goods are put on the looms about the first of August. Weavers will get an increase of 7½ per cent. and in all departments of the mills one-half of the cut of 1893 will be restored.

TERRIFIC HEAT

Followed by Terrific Storms in Northern Illinois.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 8.—The terrific heat was succeeded by terrific storms throughout the northern portion of the State yesterday. At Joliet 107 degrees. Last evening a heavy wind storm visited this section doing much damage.

At Savannah a storm amounting almost to a cyclone struck the city about 3 o'clock. The wind was something terrific. Many trees were blown down. The thermometer dropped from 97 to 76 in fifteen minutes. Heavy wind storms at Kemwel, Kankakee and Fairbury.

At Carlyle the heaviest rain experienced fell. The Kaskasia River rose eight feet in a few hours. Chinch bugs were exterminated by the millions.

At Rockford yesterday was the hottest day of the year, the thermometer reaching 100 degrees in the shade. Aiedo reports a heavy rain, wind and hail storm and growing crops injured. The rain was badly needed.

AILSA BEATS BRITANNIA

In a Heavy Sea, and Wind Blowing Half a Gale at the Finish.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HUNTERS QUAY, July 8.—The Britannia and the Ailsa started in a race over the usual course this morning, the Ailsa crossing the line at 10.30.20, and the Britannia at 10.30.35. The wind was blowing fresh from the south, and both boats carried jack-yard topsails. It was a dead beat to windward for the first mark. It was a wonderfully keen race, both boats making a number of short tacks for the weather marks on the second round. The Ailsa fully maintained her lead and continued to be exceptionally well handled, Capt. Jay beating Capt. Carter at his own game of keeping to the windward.

The wind increased to half a gale and the sea became quite heavy. This was supposed to be Britannia weather but the Ailsa was nevertheless consistently beating her. A heavy rain cloud completely obscured the boats on the eastern shore, but when the Ailsa disappeared she had her time allowance perfectly safe.

The Ailsa won, finishing at 3:46:05.

At Jacksonville, Fla., P. M. W. Baldwin who killed Andrew Yeoman, who was found in bed with Mrs. Baldwin, has filed a bill for absolute divorce. Mrs. Baldwin has filed a cross bill. He charges her with adultery, and she charges him with cruelty.

PUGILISTIC.

Billy Duke Knocked Out in Eight Rounds by Stanton Abbott—The Corbett Fitzsimmons Contest.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, July 8.—The Eureka Athletic Club opened its new club house down the Shell road to-night. The star attraction was to have been a 15-round between Stanton Abbott, champion light weight of England, and Billy Duke, of Baltimore, light weight champion of the South. The contest ended in the eighth round with Duke on his back, while Referee Schlichter, of Philadelphia, counted him out. Abbott made a punching bag of Duke from the start and could have put him out earlier in the game had he so desired.

The preliminary bouts of ten rounds each were contested between Sol English, of Baltimore, and Andy Rambo, of Philadelphia, and Jack Ward, of Newark, N. J., and "Midget" Glynn, of Wilmington, Del. The English-Rambo affair was decided a draw and Ward got the decision over Glynn.

WACO, TEXAS, July 8.—Judge Clark, of this city, has submitted a long and exhaustive opinion concerning the forthcoming contest at Dallas between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. He shows that the act of the Legislature in 1891 is wholly inoperative and that its incorporation in the Penal Code of 1895 does not alter that feature.

FARRALL MURDER TRIAL.

Hall, the Alleged Paramour of Mrs. Farrall, on the Witness Stand.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LA PLATA, MD., July 8.—The second week of the trial of Mrs. Belle Farrall for the murder of her husband commenced this morning. Interest in the case still crowds the court room, and the rise of the mercury renders the audience anything but comfortable, as it swelters and listens to objections and arguments of counsel, interspersed by occasional bits of evidence. The strain of the trial is slowly but surely telling on the prisoner, who is perceptibly paler and looks much harrassed.

Eugene Hall, who was on the stand when the court adjourned on Saturday, was again under examination to-day. His arrest was of a character that did not give abundant evidence of truthfulness. Mr. Mitchell of the prosecution, referred to Hall as "this dissolute man who ought to stand at the bar with this prisoner." Pending the production of some evidence in relation to the register of the American hotel, of Washington, D. C.; where it is claimed Hall and Mrs. Farrall registeren as man and wife. Hall was allowed to leave the stand without being cross-examined. Three other witnesses were examined without anything particularly startling being elicited.

STORM IN CONNECTICUT.

Tobacco and Other Crops Damaged.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HARTFORD, July 8.—The wind, rain and hail storm which passed over this city Saturday afternoon did considerable damage to tobacco and other crops. The track of the storm at East Windsor was twenty miles long by one mile wide. Rye, oats and grass were beaten down and corn and potatoe tops were bruised and laid over nearly flat. Tobacco of large growth was broken off and the leaves riddled. Hail stones fell as large as small bullets. At Windsor about sixty acres of tobacco were ruined and many pieces will be plowed up. Tobacco recently set out was badly damaged. Acres of tomato plants and corn were ruined. At Warehouse point the path of the storm was three miles wide and all tobacco in that radius was ruined. Farmers are plowing it under to-day and will set out new plants.

FATAL AFFRAY

Between Two White Men at Bluff Springs, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, July 8.—A special to the *Times-Union* from Pensacola, Fla., says: Another fatal affray occurred at Bluff Springs, in this county, on Sunday morning. A quarrel between Thos. Johnson and a man named Dickson resulted in Johnson shooting Dickson. It was reported this afternoon that the wounded man died to-day. Johnson surrendered himself to Justice Pritchard, at Bluff Springs, and was brought to this city and lodged in jail to-day. The quarrel commenced at a camp meeting which is being held at McDavid's Station about whiskey, and was renewed at Bluff Springs on Sunday with the above result.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Chicago—Chicago 5; New York, 4.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg-Boston game postponed on account of wet grounds.
Cincinnati—Cincinnati 7; Brooklyn 11;
Cleveland—Cleveland 4; Philadelphia 8.
Louisville—Louisville 6, Washington 9.
St. Louis—St. Louis 3; Baltimore 4.
Roanoke—Roanoke 4; Lynchburg 1.
Petersburg—Petersburg 11; Norfolk 13
Evansville—Evansville 8; Chattanooga 7.
Little Rock—Little Rock 1; New Orleans 7.
Nashville—Nashville 8; Atlanta 2.
Memphis—Memphis 8 Montgomery 7.

AN INFERNAL MACHINE.

Sent Through the Mails to Mrs. Mattie Chambers by a Rejected Suitor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CENTRALIA, WASH., July 8.—Mrs. Mattie Chambers, a widow, has received an infernal machine containing dynamite through the mails. It is said that it was sent to her by Rev. B. F. Fuller, a rejected suitor. Fuller is now in Raleigh, N. C. The curiosity of the postmaster saved the woman's life. He saw sandpaper protruding from the end of the box and pried the lid off without igniting the match. The police are investigating the matter.

A KENTUCKY TRAGEDY.

Pliney Fassett Murdered by John D. Young, Son of the Ex-Congressman.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OWINGSVILLE, KY., July 8.—The people of this community are excited over a tragedy which occurred Saturday night, the victim being a cousin of his slayer, John D. Young, son of the ex-Congressman of that name. They had an altercation during which Young cut Fassett's throat severing the jugular vein. Young is under arrest.

A terrific hail storm and water spout occurred Sunday near Guthrie, O. T., doing great damage to crops, washing away bridges, breaking hundreds of windows and wrecking several houses. In many places the hail was as large as hen eggs and injured live stock.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MISSISSIPPI CROPS.

Corn in Fine Condition, but Cotton Below the Average.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

JACKSON, July 8.—From numerous farmers in town to-day attending court, considerable concerning crops was gathered. The consensus of opinion was that the corn and other food crops is the finest in the history of the county, but that cotton is way below the average. The weed is rank on account of the rain for the month past, but the fruit bear scarce.

WARM WIRELETS.

The suit of a colored citizen of Clinton, Mississippi, for $10,000, against the Queen & Crescent Railroad, for killing his 16-year old child that was playing on the track, resulted in verdict for the company.

A Philadelphia dispatch says the opposition to the removal of the Liberty Bell to the Atlanta Exposition seems now to have entirely disappeared and the bell will probably be started on its Southern journey September 15th.

At East Liverpool, Ohio, yesterday a trolley car with thirty passengers on board became unmanageable and slid down the Franklin avenue hill, on the north side of the city, killing one man and injuring eighteen others.

A cloud burst struck the town of Linn Creek, the county seat of Camden county, Mo., Saturday, and the entire place is under water. The citizens were compelled to leave their homes and dash for the hills. It is thought that no lives have been lost.

Moneth Metz, one of the wealthiest residents of Smithsburg, Md., was arrested yesterday on the charge of assaulting the ten-year-old daughter of John Weller. The alleged crime was committed a week ago. Dr. E. L. Bishop reports the child in a critical condition.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Brooms! Brooms!—The Taylor Manufacturing Co. can furnish you with any amount and any style of Brooms desired. Corner Water and Chesnut streets. Leave your orders. jy 9 1w*

$75.00 a week paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; sell at sight: permanent position. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. july 9 6t

Shingles, Shingles.—Four, five and six inch twenties, sawed and riven. For sale low by Roger Moore. Telephone 154. sa tu july 6 2t

Building Lots for sale on Twelfth and Queen streets for $50, $60 and $75. Cash or on the installment plan. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. sa tu th je 27 tf

For Rent—From the 1st of October, house next to Dr. Hoge's on South Third street. All modern improvements. 9 rooms, gas, cistern and sewer. Apply to W. H. Cumming. jy 7 3t sn

WILMINGTON Inteligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants, Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

A new drink, Trilby Cocktails at the French Cafe. Also all kinds Liquors, Cigars and fancy drinks served. A. P. Levy, Proprietor,

Wanted—Industrious men and women to work for us in every town and county. Liberal pay and steady work. Send us names of people out of work and names of all agents and we will pay you for them. Address United Manufacturing Publishing Company, No. 1109 Main street, Richmond, Va. je 30 4t su

Flour, Molasses and Syrup, wholesale and retail at bottom prices, together with a full line of Groceries, Tobacco and Snuff. If you chew Tobacco call and be convinced that I can give you the best, either by the plug or box, and cheaper than you can buy it elsewhere in the city. Neill McKinnon, Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c31

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Notice.

H. C. Evans having purchased the entire interest of Geo. O. Gaylord in the firm of Mercer & Gaylord, which has carried on the wholesale and retail Boot and Shoe business at 115 Princess street, and having gone into copartnership with J. B. Mercer, the old firm of Mercer & Gaylord has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the business will be hereafter conducted at the same old stand under the firm name of Mercer & Evans.

H. C. EVANS,
J. B. MERCER.

Having sold out my entire interest and good will in the firm of Mercer & Gaylord to H. C. Evans, who has this day formed a copartnership with J. B. Mercer, I hereby take pleasure in recommending the new firm as being worthy of the confidence of the public, and bespeak for them a liberal patronage.

GEO. O. GAYLORD.

july 2 tf

Great Removal SALE

Commences 1st July.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

Beginning on the 1st July we will give

20 Per Cent. Discount

on everything we carry in stock (except Shirtings, Sheetings and Patterns).

DryGoods

Will be cheaper than ever before and you will never have an opportunity to buy them as cheap as we offer them during this SALE.

The 20 per cent. discount is applied to the

Regular Selling Price.

A great many goods will be sold for less than 20 per cent. discount and these goods will be placed on counters and marked at

Special Prices.

Do not forget that we do a

One Price

Business and everything is marked with plain figures. You purchase your goods at the marked price and get 20 per cent. discount on the whole amount.

Save 20 Per Cent.

out of every dollar you spend. It is the chance of your life to lay in a stock of staple

Dry Goods.

Every Lady in the city should purchase her BLACK GOODS now.

This sale will continue until we move into the store now occupied by Mr. P. Heinsberger.

Persons owing us will confer a favor by coming forward and settling their accounts before OUR REMOVAL.

We close on Saturdays at 1 o'clock.

June 30 tf

NOTHING IS SLIGHTED

Here. Little things command big attention from us. Anything we put the price on must have quality to equal the price. That is the ground work upon which stands this prosperous business. We do everything on strictly business principles, giving every one the same attention. We have in the last few days made some big purchases in Notions, Shoes and Dry Goods. We will tell of a few of the different things.

100 dozen fine and cheap combs—all kinds. A nice Rubber Comb 8 inches long at 5c; a heavy and thick Rubber Comb, worth 25c. we will now sell you at 18c each, we have fine tooth combs in rubber, horn and ivory. Also a big lot of Brushes for the Hair and Clothing—all the different styles.

A big lot of Rubber Hair Pins that will not rust the hair at 8c a box. 180 dozen spools cotton at 1c a spool or 8c a doz. 100 doz blank books for copy books 2 for 5c; blank Counter Books 5c each; Ledgers of 250 pages 30c each. Writing paper of all kinds at half price. 2,900 yards of Triumphant percales at 5c per yard. 2,000 India Blue Prints at 5c. 20 bolts wide striped Percales. the very best goods made, comes in short lengths, at 10c per yard. worth 12½c. 25 dozen men's unlaundered white shirts to run 15 days at 25c each, worth 40c. 50 doz Boys' and Mens' Domestic Shirts for 15c each. Just received a big lot of fine Silk Ribbons. A big drive in Ladies' Sailor hats. Beautiful Rough Straw Sailor at 15c. worth 25c.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.
of Wilmington's big Racket Store.

july 7 tf

St. Mary's School

For Girls,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 19, 1895. Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.

Address the Rector,

Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.

july 6 2m

TIVOLI

Hofbrau

Export Lager.

Sold in Crown Cork Bottles Only.

Brewed from the

Best Bavarian Hops

—AND—

Canadian Barley Malt.

FINE HOP FLAVOR,

A delicious beverage for the

Family Table.

And an Excellent Tonic for the

WEAK AND NERVOUS.

Read this Testimonial

From Dr. Wm. H. Taylor, State Chemist and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology, Medical College of Virginia.

LABORATORY OF STATE ASSAYER AND CHEMIST, RICHMOND, VA., MAY 2, 1895.

I have analyzed the Tivoli Hofbrau Beer, manufactured by the Robert Portner Brewing Company, of Alexandria, Va., and find that it is pure and, in all respects, of excellent quality. It is unexceptionable as a beverage, and I recommend it especially for medicinal use.

Wm. H. Taylor, M. D.,
State Assayer and Chemist.

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may 7 3m

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Does not understand how the decline in price of silver since 1873 caused the price of cotton to decline, when the price of cotton declined more rapidly for several years before '73 (when silver did not decline materially) than after '73, and was lower several years before the war than at present, though silver was twice as high at that time as it is at present. The same depositor does understand that his money in the

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